# WEBSTER COUNTY SCHOOL DISTRICT FINANCIAL STATEMENTS YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2023

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### WEBSTER COUNTY SCHOOL DISTRICT JUNE 30, 2023

### **BOARD OF EDUCATION**

Mickey Dunbar, Chairman Tim McCormick, Vice-Chairman Venita Murphy, Member James Nance, Member Amanda Coomes, Member

### **ADMINISTRATIVE STAFF**

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WALTER G. CUMMINGS, CPA TAYLOR MATHIS, CPA



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#### INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT

Kentucky State Committee for School District Audits Members of the Board of Education Webster County School District Dixon, Kentucky

### Report on the Audit of the Financial Statements

### **Opinions**

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, each major fund and the aggregate remaining fund information of the Webster County School District (District) as of and for the year ended June 30, 2023, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the District's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, each major fund and the aggregate remaining fund information of the District, as of June 30, 2023, and the respective changes in financial position, and, where applicable, cash flows thereof for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

#### Basis for Opinions

We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States and the audit requirements prescribed by the Kentucky State Committee for School District Audits in the *Independent Auditor's Contract*. Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements section of our report. We are required to be independent of the Webster County School District and to meet our other ethical responsibilities, in accordance with the relevant ethical requirements relating to our audit. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.

### Responsibilities of Management for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America, and for the design, implementation and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statements, management is required to evaluate whether there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that raise substantial doubt about the District's ability to continue as a going concern for twelve months beyond the financial statement date, including any currently known information that may raise substantial doubt shortly thereafter.

### Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinions. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance but is not absolute assurance and therefore is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with generally accepted auditing standards and *Government Auditing Standards* will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations or the override of internal control. Misstatements are considered material if there is a substantial likelihood that, individually or in the aggregate, they would influence the judgment made by a reasonable user based on the financial statements.

In performing an audit in accordance with generally accepted auditing standards and *Government Auditing Standards*, we:

- Exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit.
- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error, and design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks. Such procedures include examining, on a test basis, evidence regarding the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements.
- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit
  procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an
  opinion on the effectiveness of the District's internal control. Accordingly, no such opinion is
  expressed.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluate the overall presentation of the financial statements.
- Conclude whether, in our judgment, there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that raise substantial doubt about the District's ability to continue as a going concern for a reasonable period of time.

We are required to communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit, significant audit findings and certain internal control-related matters that we identified during the audit.

### Required Supplementary Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the management's discussion and analysis and budgetary comparison information and pension and postemployment benefits schedules, as listed in the table of contents, be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information is the responsibility of management and, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board

who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

### Supplementary Information

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise the District's basic financial statements. The introductory section, combining and individual nonmajor fund financial statements and other information are presented for purposes of additional analysis and are not a required part of the basic financial statements. The schedule of expenditures of federal awards is presented for purposes of additional analysis as required by Title 2 U.S. Code of Federal Regulations Part 200, Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards, and is not a required part of the basic financial statements. The combining and individual nonmajor fund financial statements and other information, and the schedule of expenditures of federal awards are the responsibility of management and were derived from and relate directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements. Such information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements or to the basic financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, the introductory section, combining and individual nonmajor fund financial statements, other information, and the schedule of expenditures of federal awards are fairly stated, in all material respects, in relation to the basic financial statements as a whole.

### Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued our report dated November 10, 2023, on our consideration of the District's internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliace wth certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the District's internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering Webster County School District's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

Duguid, Gentry & Associates, PSC

### Duguid, Gentry & Associates, PSC

Certified Public Accountants Hopkinsville, Kentucky

November 10, 2023



As management of the Webster County School District (District), we offer readers of the District's financial statements this narrative overview and analysis of the financial activities of the District for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2023. The District encourages readers to consider the information presented here in conjunction with additional information that has been furnished in the letter of transmittal, notes to the basic financial statements and the financial statements to enhance their understanding of the District's financial performance.

#### FINANCIAL HIGHLIGHTS

- The ending cash and cash equivalents balance for the District was \$6.2M in 2023 and \$5.8M in 2022.
- In total, net position increased \$3.6M. The net position of governmental activities increased \$3M, while the net position of business-type activities increased 548K. Total assets were \$40M at June 30, 2023 compared to \$38M at June 30, 2022 and total liabilities were \$33M at June 30, 2023 compared to \$32M at June 30, 2022.
- Total revenues were \$33.5M for the year. General revenues accounted for \$13.5M, 40.42% of the total, while program specific revenues in the form of charges for services and sales, grant and contributions accounted for \$20M or 59.58% of total revenues. The District incurred \$29.8M in total expenses.

The Webster County schools are continuing efficiency efforts under Superintendent, Aaron Harrell, and Director of Finance, Brandi Burnett. Those efficiency efforts include the following initiatives:

- The Webster County Resource Efficiency Team has been revitalized and repurposed as of the 23-24 school year. This team is composed of one school board member, superintendent, one school level administrator, all District federal/state grant coordinators, transportation director, maintenance director, technology director and finance officer. A thorough review of financial information and prioritization of programs and services necessary for the most efficient functioning of the school district are topics for the monthly agenda. The board tasked this team with performing a needs assessment in all of the different areas, plus one for the district level. From the needs assessments, a rubric will be applied to assist in budgeting for and completing the highest priority projects.
- Both the Director of Finance and Payroll Clerk will attend the KASBO Leadership Conference during the spring and fall.
- Both Director of Finance and Payroll Clerk are members of respective regional groups that meet bi-monthly.

- The FY23 budget included a 8.17% contingency fund, which is well above the KRS statute required 2.0%, due to many of the efficiency measures that have been put into place.
- The continued usage of the Absence Management software from Frontline Technologies has proven to be an efficient practice for tracking absences and assigning substitutes to vacancies within the District.
- Additional grant funding has provided revenue sources that create amazing learning opportunities outside the normal funding streams for local public schools. The grants continuing through FY23 are as follows:
  - WCHS 21st Century Learning Center (Capstone)
  - WCMS 21st Century Learning Center (Apex)
  - Drug Free Communities
  - Striving Readers/KYCL
  - No Kid Hungry
- Through the challenges of the COVID-19 pandemic, ESSER funds, in addition to noncompetitive federal funds, have been utilized to furnish the students and staff of Webster County Schools with technology and resources necessary for continuing instruction at all grade levels.
- The district used ESSER funds, in addition to other grant funds, to purchase curriculum across all levels of instruction. The new curriculum provides rigorous instruction, continuity and consistency across the district. The curriculum is a 5 year program, and efficiencies have already been put into place to ensure funds are available to replace or extend the program at the end of the 5 year program.

#### **OVERVIEW OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS**

This discussion and analysis is intended to serve as an introduction to the District's basic financial statements. The District's basic financial statements comprise three components: 1) government-wide financial statements, 2) fund financial statements and 3) notes to the financial statements. This report also contains other supplementary information in addition to the basic financial statements themselves.

**Government-wide financial statements** – The government-wide financial statements report information about the District as a whole using accounting methods similar to those used by private-sector companies. The statement of net position includes all the District's assets and deferred outflows of resources and liabilities and deferred inflows of resources. All of the current year's revenue and expenses are accounted for in the statement of activities regardless of when cash is received or paid.

The two government-wide statements report the District's net position and how it has changed. Net position – the difference between the District's assets plus deferred outflows of resources and the District's liabilities plus deferred inflows of resources – is one way to measure the District's financial health or position.

- Over time, increases or decreases in the District's net position are an indicator of whether its financial position is improving or deteriorating, respectively.
- To assess the overall health of the District, the reader needs to consider additional non-financial factors such as changes in the District's property tax base and the condition of school buildings and other facilities.

In the government-wide financial statements, all the District's activities are reported as governmental activities.

 Governmental activities – All the District's basic services are included here, such as regular and special education, transportation and administration. Property taxes and state formula aid finance most of the activities.

**Fund financial statements** – The fund financial statements provide more detailed information about the District's funds, focusing on its most significant or "major" funds, not the District as a whole. Funds are accounting devices the District uses to keep track of specific sources of funding and spending on particular programs:

- Some funds are required by State law and by bond covenants.
- The District establishes other funds to control and manage money for particular purposes (like repaying its long-term debts) or to show that it is properly using certain revenues (like federal grants).

The District has three kinds of funds:

- Governmental funds Most of the District's basic services are included in governmental funds, which generally focus on (1) how cash and other financial assets that can readily be converted to cash flow in and out and (2) the balances left at year-end that are available for spending. Consequently, the governmental fund statements provide a detailed short-term view that helps the reader determine whether there are more or fewer financial resources that can be spent in the near future to finance the District's programs. Because this information does not encompass the additional long-term focus of the government-wide statements, the District provides additional information with the governmental funds statements that explains the relationship (or differences) between them.
- Proprietary fund The District's proprietary fund is Food Service. The proprietary fund statements are the same as the business-type activities in the government-wide statements, but provide more detail and additional information, such as cash flows.
- Fiduciary funds The District is a fiduciary for assets that belong to others and is responsible
  for ensuring that assets reported in the fiduciary funds are used only for their intended
  purposes. These funds are excluded from the government-wide financial statements because
  the assets cannot be used to finance the operations of the District.

**Notes to the financial statements** – The notes provide additional information that is essential to a full understanding of the data provided in the government-wide and fund financial statements.

**Other information** – In addition to the basic financial statements and accompanying notes, this report also provides certain required supplementary information, as well as combining and individual fund statements and schedules as listed in the table of contents.

#### **GOVERNMENT-WIDE FINANCIAL ANALYSIS**

Net position may serve over time as a useful indicator of a government's financial position. In the case of the District, assets plus deferred outflows of resources were greater than liabilities plus deferred inflows of resources by \$8.6M at the close of the most recent fiscal year.

The District contributes its statutorily required contributions to the pension systems; however, it is the pension systems that collect, hold and distribute pensions to District employees, not the District. A significant portion of the District's net position, \$16M, reflects its investment in capital assets less any related debt used to acquire those assets that is still outstanding. The District uses capital assets to provide services; consequently, these assets are not available for future spending. Although the District's investment in its capital assets is reported net of related debt, it should be noted that the resources needed to repay this debt must be provided from other sources, since the capital assets themselves cannot be used to liquidate these liabilities.

Following is a summary of the District's government-wide net position as of June 30, 2023 and 2022:

#### **Net Position**

	Governmen	tal Activities	Business-ty	pe Activities	District Total			
	2023	2022	2023	2022	2023	2022		
ASSETS Current assets								
and other assets	\$ 5,193,526	\$ 4,210,705	\$ 2,576,003	\$ 2,048,494	\$ 7,769,529	\$ 6,259,199		
Capital assets	31,959,368	31,166,586	159,284	144,461	32,118,652	31,311,047		
Total assets	37,152,894	35,377,291	2,735,287	2,192,955	39,888,181	37,570,246		
Deferred outflows								
of resources	5,989,504	3,885,128	606,379	539,946	6,595,883	4,425,074		
LIABILITIES								
Current liabilities	983,107	880,344	2,425	-	985,532	880,344		
Long-term debt	30,526,415	29,412,869	1,871,570	1,780,984	32,397,985	31,193,853		
Total liabilities	31,509,522	30,293,213	1,873,995	1,780,984	33,383,517	32,074,197		
Deferred inflows								
of resources	4,232,597	4,644,245	295,185	327,104	4,527,782	4,971,349		
NET POSITION Investment in capital assets								
net of related debt	15,914,529	13,669,320	159,284	144,461	16,073,813	13,813,781		
Restricted	411,249	(82,086)	-	-	411,249	(82,086)		
Unrestricted	(8,925,499)	(9,262,273)	1,013,202	480,352	(7,912,297)	(8,781,921)		
Total net position	\$ 7,400,279	\$ 4,324,961	\$ 1,172,486	\$ 624,813	\$ 8,572,765	\$ 4,949,774		

The net pension liability (NPL) and the other postemployment benefits (OPEB) are the largest liabilities reported by the District as of June 30, 2023. For reasons discussed below, many end users of this financial statement will gain a clearer understanding of the District's actual financial condition by adding deferred inflows of resources related to pension and OPEB, the net pension liability and the net OPEB liability to the reported net position and subtracting deferred outflows of resources related to pension and OPEB.

GASB notes that pension and OPEB obligations, whether funded or unfunded, are part of the "employment exchange" – that is, the employee is trading his or her labor in exchange for wages, benefits and the promise of a future pension and other postemployment benefits. GASB noted that the unfunded portion of this promise is a present obligation of the government, part of a bargained-forbenefit to the employee, and should accordingly be reported by the government as a liability since they received the benefit of the exchange. However, the District is not responsible for certain key factors affecting the balance of these liabilities.

Most long-term liabilities have set repayment schedules or, in the case of compensated absences (i.e. sick and vacation leave), are satisfied through paid time-off or termination payments. There is no repayment schedule for the net pension liability or the net OPEB liability. Changes in benefits, contribution rates and return on investments affect the balance of these liabilities but are outside the control of the local government.

The Kentucky School Facilities Construction Commission (SFCC) makes direct payments of principal and interest on District bonds issued for construction of facilities. The bonds payable are included in the long-term obligations of the District, and the payments are recorded as revenue from the State. The result is an increase in net position from the direct payment of principal and interest by the SFCC of \$617K. Another increase is the expenditure of current revenues on capital assets, an expenditure that does not reduce net position on the government-wide statements. The decrease in business-type activities net position is due mainly to current year changes in pension liability charges.

Following is a summary of changes in the District's net position for the fiscal years ended June 30, 2023 and 2022:

### **Changes in Net Position**

	Governmental Activities		Business-ty	pe Activities	District Total		
	2023	2022	2023	2022	2023	2022	
REVENUES							
Program revenues							
Operating grants and contributions	\$ 17,249,395	\$ 15,509,777	\$ 2,008,084	\$ 1,769,679	\$ 19,257,479	\$ 17,279,456	
Capital grants and contributions	616,708	618,572	-	-	616,708	618,572	
Charges for services	-	-	86,099	80,890	86,099	80,890	
General revenues							
Property taxes	3,726,577	3,690,867	-	-	3,726,577	3,690,867	
Other taxes	1,567,825	1,477,436	-	-	1,567,825	1,477,436	
Investment earnings	213,035	27,919	95,364	11,538	308,399	39,457	
State aid	7,159,255	5,482,559	108,829	83,654	7,268,084	5,566,213	
Other	670,452	556,582			670,452	556,582	
Total revenues	31,203,247	27,363,712	2,298,376	1,945,761	33,501,623	29,309,473	
EXPENSES							
Instruction	15,729,601	14,231,164	-	-	15,729,601	14,231,164	
Support services							
Student	1,442,872	1,791,817	-	-	1,442,872	1,791,817	
Instructional staff	2,271,409	2,174,131	-	-	2,271,409	2,174,131	
District administrative	1,018,917	342,348	-	-	1,018,917	342,348	
School administrative	2,151,185	1,733,200	-	-	2,151,185	1,733,200	
Business	535,789	561,369	-	-	535,789	561,369	
Plant operations and maintenance	2,294,752	2,504,146	-	-	2,294,752	2,504,146	
Student transportation	1,701,088	1,675,331	-	-	1,701,088	1,675,331	
Community service activities	385,234	377,700	-	-	385,234	377,700	
Other instructional	5,124	1,705	-	-	5,124	1,705	
Other non-instruction	38,482	56,374	-	-	38,482	56,374	
Building acquisition and construction	-	206,749	-	-	-	206,749	
Interest costs	653,476	723,601	-	-	653,476	723,601	
Loss on sale of fixed assets	-	-	-	255	-	255	
Food service			1,650,703	1,542,701	1,650,703	1,542,701	
Total expenses	28,227,929	26,379,635	1,650,703	1,542,956	29,878,632	27,922,591	
Change in net position before transfers	2,975,318	984,077	647,673	402,805	3,622,991	1,386,882	
Transfers in (out)	100,000	100,000	(100,000)	(100,000)			
Change in net position after transfers	\$ 3,075,318	\$ 1,084,077	\$ 547,673	\$ 302,805	\$ 3,622,991	\$ 1,386,882	

The net position of the District's governmental activities increased by \$3M. Net position reflects a positive balance of \$7.6M. The District has developed a strategic plan to best utilize the resources available and to preserve those resources as long as possible.

#### FINANCIAL ANALYSIS OF THE DISTRICT'S GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

As noted earlier, the District uses fund accounting to ensure and demonstrate compliance with finance-related legal requirements.

**Governmental Funds** – The focus of the governmental funds is to provide information on near-term inflows, outflows and balances of spendable resources. Such information is useful in assessing the District's financing requirements. In particular, unassigned fund balance may serve as a useful measure of a government's net resources available for spending at the end of the fiscal year.

As of the end of the current fiscal year, the District's governmental funds reported combined ending fund balances of \$4.3M, an increase of \$874K in comparison to the prior year. The following schedule indicates the fund balances and the total changes in fund balances by major fund and other governmental (nonmajor) funds as reported in the basic financial statements for the fiscal years ended June 30, 2023 and 2022.

The main sources of the General Fund's revenues are state aid in the form of SEEK allocations and locally assessed taxes. The majority of the District's activities are accounted for in the General Fund. The Special Revenue Fund consists of grant revenues, mostly state funds and federal funds administered through the state, and expenditures of those grants for specific programs in accordance with the grants' guidelines. In addition to the Special Revenue (Grant) Fund, the District has the Special Revenue District Activity Fund and the Special Revenue Student Activity Fund which includes funds restricted to expenditures for purposes specified by Kentucky Department of Education requirements.

The SEEK Capital Outlay Fund's revenues are derived from state SEEK allowances based upon student enrollment. The FSPK Building Fund's revenues are produced by a five-cent special property tax assessment and matching state funds. The use of both funds' resources is generally restricted to facilities acquisition or improvement and payment of the related debt on facilities. The Construction Fund is used to account for facility construction and improvement projects funded by other funds or borrowing.

The Debt Service Fund is used to account for all activities related to long-term obligations.

Following is a summary of fund balances as of June 30, 2023 and 2022:

Governmental Funds	2023	2022	ncrease Jecrease)
General Fund	\$ 3,905,143	\$ 3,524,318	\$ 380,825
Special Revenue Fund	(100)	(100)	-
Student Activity Fund	374,457	329,315	45,142
FSPK Fund	-	(426, 246)	426,246
SEEK	16,046	-	16,046
Debt Service Fund	-	-	-
District Activity Fund	20,746	 14,845	 5,901
Total governmental funds	\$ 4,316,292	\$ 3,442,132	\$ 874,160

**General Fund** – The General Fund is the chief operating fund of the District. At the end of the current fiscal year, the unassigned fund balance of the General Fund is \$3M, while total fund balance was \$4M. As a measure of the General Fund's liquidity, it may be useful to compare both unassigned fund balance and total fund balance to total expenditures. Unassigned fund balance represents 13.77% of the total General Fund expenditures, while total fund balance represents 17.73% of that same amount.

#### **GENERAL FUND BUDGETARY HIGHLIGHTS**

In accordance with directives from the Kentucky Department of Education (KDE) and Kentucky law, the District funds' budgets are prepared to account for most transactions on a cash receipt/cash disbursement basis. The KDE requires a budget in which any budgeted remaining fund balance is shown as a contingency expense and any amounts being accumulated for other purposes are ultimately shown as unspent or over-budgeted expenditures. By law, the budget must have a minimum 2.00% contingency. The District adopted a General Fund budget with a contingency of 8.66%. Over the course of the year, the District revises the annual operating budget as circumstances dictate or as required by KDE.

Local revenues are budgeted conservatively resulting in a favorable variance of local revenues for the year.

- The District's total revenues for General Fund activities for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2023, excluding interfund transfers and beginning balances, were \$15.5M compared to the total budgeted revenues of \$14.8M.
- The District's total expenditures for General Fund activities for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2023, excluding interfund transfers, were \$15M compared to the total budgeted expenditures of \$17.2M.

Significant Board action that impacts the finances includes limiting facility improvements and major purchases throughout the District.

Special Revenue Fund (Fund 2) is made up of state, local and federal grants. These grants include Title programs, IDEA B special education and preschool funding, Flex Focus state dollars and others. These funds have restricted use according to the guidelines for each. Expenditures include salaries and benefits, supplies, programming costs, travel and training costs.

SEEK Capital Outlay Fund (Fund 310) and FSPK Building Fund (Fund 320) are restricted funds for capital projects. The District has used those funds for debt service payments. The State contributes to those funds.

#### CAPITAL ASSETS AND DEBT ADMINISTRATION

**Capital Assets** – At June 30, 2023, the District had \$32.1M invested in capital assets net of depreciation: historical cost totaled \$57M with accumulated depreciation totaling \$24.9M. These assets include school, athletic and support facilities, as well as technology, food service and other equipment. Funds in the amount of \$1.9M were expended on acquisition and improvements during the year. Depreciation charged to expense during the year totaled \$1.1M, the majority of which was charged to governmental functions. More detailed information relating to capital assets may be found in Note 3 to the financial statements.

Following is a summary of capital assets, net of depreciation, as of June 30, 2023 and 2022:

### **Net Capital Assets**

	Governmental Activities				Business-type Activities				District Total			
		2023	2022		2023		2022		2023		2022	
Land	\$	542,261	\$	542,261	\$	-	\$	-	\$	542,261	\$	542,261
Land improvements		337,880		374,850		-		-		337,880		374,850
Construction in progress		1,758,551		49,483		-		-		1,758,551		49,483
Buildings and improvements	2	8,418,408	2	9,215,982		-		-	2	28,418,408	2	9,215,982
Technology equipment		(394,164)		(387,314)		(10,360)		(10,360)		(404,524)		(397,674)
General equipment		318,494		337,896		-		-		318,494		337,896
Vehicles		977,938		1,033,428		(888)		(888)		977,050		1,032,540
Food service equipment		-		-		170,532		155,709		170,532		155,709
Total	\$ 3	1,959,368	\$ 3	1,166,586	\$	159,284	\$	144,461	\$ 3	32,118,652	\$ 3	1,311,047

**Long-term Debt** – The District's long-term general obligation bonds outstanding at June 30, 2023 were \$15.6M Of that amount, the Kentucky SFCC has agreed to make a portion of the principal and interest payment under agreements previously described. Though the District is liable for the full amount of the bonds and the full amount is recorded on the financial statements, the SFCC has agreed to pay \$3.6M of the bonds leaving the District to pay \$12M.

The State must approve the issuance of any new bonds of the District.

More detailed information about the District's long-term liabilities may be found in Note 4 to the financial statements.

#### **OUTLOOK FOR THE FUTURE**

The most crucial aspect in the financial future of the District is continued adequate funding from the state. The District's major source of revenue is state aid, primarily Kentucky SEEK funding. A factor in that SEEK formula is base funding driven by average daily attendance, and the District faces the challenges of very little growth in student enrollment each year. Also, as we look forward, we expect unfunded mandates and the national economy to have an impact on our District.

The District's financial position is contingent upon legislation and factors related to property taxation in conjunction with decisions made by the District's Board. Local property assessments remain consistent, showing little to no growth, our low property tax rates have not produced significant additional revenue for the District to substantially strengthen its financial position.

The District remains committed to utilizing resources to provide the maximum benefits to students and provide them with a quality education. This involves closely monitoring legislation, effectively managing our grant resources, controlling expenditures and seeking new sources of revenues. The District has several critical facility needs that exceed its short-term bonding potential, providing a challenge to maintain quality facilities with available resources.

### CONTACTING THE DISTRICT'S FINANCIAL MANAGEMENT

This financial report is designed to provide a general overview of the District's finances, comply with finance-related laws and regulations and demonstrate the District's commitment to public accountability. Questions regarding this report should be directed to the Superintendent or District Finance personnel at (270) 639-0101 or by mail at 28 State Route 1340, Dixon, KY 42409.



### WEBSTER COUNTY SCHOOL DISTRICT STATEMENT OF NET POSITION JUNE 30, 2023

		Business-	
	Governmental Activities	type Activities	Total
ASSETS	Activities	Activities	Total
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 3,688,086	\$ 2,505,115	\$ 6,193,201
Accounts receivable	, ,	. , ,	, ,
Taxes	183,173	-	183,173
Other	29,592	16,231	45,823
Intergovernmental - indirect federal	1,292,675	-	1,292,675
Inventory	-	54,657	54,657
Capital assets			
Non-depreciable	2,300,812	-	2,300,812
Depreciable (net)	29,658,556	159,284	29,817,840
Total assets	37,152,894	2,735,287	39,888,181
DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES			
OPEB related	4,023,845	167,702	4,191,547
Pension related	1,642,067	438,677	2,080,744
Deferred amount on refunding of debt	323,592		323,592
Total deferred outflows of resources	5,989,504	606,379	6,595,883
LIABILITIES			
Accounts payable	491,534	2,425	493,959
Accrued sick leave	40,321	-	40,321
Unearned revenue	345,380	-	345,380
Interest payable	105,872	-	105,872
Long-term obligations			
Portion due or payable within one year			
Bonds payable	1,270,966	-	1,270,966
Financed purchases	97,076	-	97,076
Compensated absences	-	-	-
Portion due or payable after one year	44.00= =00		44.00= =00
Bonds payable	14,327,593	-	14,327,593
Financed purchases	197,905	-	197,905
Compensated absences	151,299	14,512	165,811
Net OPEB liability	6,976,512	356,072	7,332,584
Net pension liability	7,505,064	1,500,986	9,006,050
Total liabilities	31,509,522	1,873,995	33,383,517

Continued

### WEBSTER COUNTY SCHOOL DISTRICT STATEMENT OF NET POSITION, continued JUNE 30, 2023

	Governmental	Business- type	
	Activities	Activities	Total
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES			
OPEB related	3,214,202	161,082	3,375,284
Pension related	1,018,395	134,103	1,152,498
Total deferred inflows of resources	4,232,597	295,185	4,527,782
NET POSITION			
Net investment in capital assets	15,914,529	159,284	16,073,813
Restricted	411,249	-	411,249
Unrestricted	(8,925,499)	1,013,202	(7,912,297)
Total net position	\$ 7,400,279	\$ 1,172,486	\$ 8,572,765

### WEBSTER COUNTY SCHOOL DISTRICT STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2023

	<b>-</b>	Charges for	Operating Grants and	Capital Grants and	Governmental	Business- Type	Takal
ELINCTIONS/DDOCDAMS	Expenses	Services	Contributions	Contributions	Activities	Activities	Total
FUNCTIONS/PROGRAMS Governmental Activities							
Instruction	Ф 4E 700 004	Φ.	Ф 40 CO4 OO4	ф	ф <i>(</i> Г 000 Г00)	Φ	Φ /Γ 000 Γ00\
	\$ 15,729,601	\$ -	\$ 10,631,021	\$ -	\$ (5,098,580)	\$ -	\$ (5,098,580)
Support services	4 440 070		447.000		(004.070)		(004.070)
Student	1,442,872	-	447,996	-	(994,876)	-	(994,876)
Instructional staff	2,271,409	-	3,466,474	-	1,195,065	-	1,195,065
District administration	1,018,917	-	114,002	-	(904,915)	-	(904,915)
School administration	2,151,185	-	822,603	-	(1,328,582)	-	(1,328,582)
Business	535,789	-	58,521	-	(477,268)	-	(477,268)
Plant operations and maintenance	2,294,752	-	286,762	-	(2,007,990)	-	(2,007,990)
Student transportation	1,701,088	-	573,286	-	(1,127,802)	-	(1,127,802)
Community service activities	385,234	-	848,730	-	463,496	-	463,496
Other instructional	5,124	_	, -	-	(5,124)	_	(5,124)
Other non-instruction	38,482	_	_	-	(38,482)	_	(38,482)
Interest on long-term debt	653,476			616,708	(36,768)		(36,768)
Total governmental activities	28,227,929		17,249,395	616,708	(10,361,826)		(10,361,826)
Business-type Activities							
Food service	1,650,703	86,099	2,008,084			443,480	443,480
Total business-type activities	1,650,703	86,099	2,008,084			443,480	443,480
Total activities	\$ 29,878,632	\$ 86,099	\$ 19,257,479	\$ 616,708	(10,361,826)	443,480	(9,918,346)

### WEBSTER COUNTY SCHOOL DISTRICT STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES, continued FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2023

Net (Expense) Revenue and Changes in Net Position

	Governmental	Business-type	
	<b>Activities</b>	Activities	Total
	(10,361,826)	443,480	(9,918,346)
General Revenues			
Taxes			
Property	3,726,577	-	3,726,577
Motor vehicle	710,037	-	710,037
Utilities	850,689	-	850,689
Other	7,099	-	7,099
Investment earnings	213,035	95,364	308,399
State aid	7,159,255	108,829	7,268,084
Gain (loss) on sale of fixed assets	7,366	-	7,366
Transfers	100,000	(100,000)	-
Miscellaneous	663,086		663,086
Total general revenues	13,437,144	104,193	13,541,337
Change in net position	3,075,318	547,673	3,622,991
Net position, beginning of year	4,324,961	624,813	4,949,774
Net position, end of year	\$ 7,400,279	\$ 1,172,486	\$ 8,572,765



### WEBSTER COUNTY SCHOOL DISTRICT BALANCE SHEET GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS JUNE 30, 2023

	G	Seneral		Special evenue	Nonmajor Governmental		Total
ASSETS							
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 3	3,200,181	\$	-	\$	487,905	\$ 3,688,086
Accounts receivable							
Taxes		183,173		-		-	183,173
Other		29,592		-		-	29,592
Interfund receivable		860,358		-		-	860,358
Intergovernmental - indirect federal		-	1	1,292,675			 1,292,675
				_		<u>.</u>	_
Total assets	\$ 4	,273,304	\$ 1	1,292,675	\$	487,905	\$ 6,053,884

### WEBSTER COUNTY SCHOOL DISTRICT BALANCE SHEET, continued GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS JUNE 30, 2023

	(	General	Special Revenue	onmajor ernmental	Total
LIABILITIES AND FUND BALANCES			 	 	 
Accounts payable	\$	327,840	\$ 87,038	\$ 76,656	\$ 491,534
Interfund payable		-	860,358	-	860,358
Accrued sick leave		40,321	-	-	40,321
Unearned revenue			 345,380	 	 345,380
Total liabilities		368,161	 1,292,776	 76,656	 1,737,593
Fund balances					
Nonspendable		133,102	-	-	133,102
Spendable					
Restricted		-	-	411,249	411,249
Committed		734,844	-	-	734,844
Assigned		3,038	-	-	3,038
Unassigned		3,034,159	(100)	-	3,034,059
Total fund balances		3,905,143	(100)	411,249	4,316,292
Total liabilities					
and fund balances	\$	4,273,304	\$ 1,292,676	\$ 487,905	\$ 6,053,884

See accompanying notes to financial statements

### WEBSTER COUNTY SCHOOL DISTRICT RECONCILIATION OF THE BALANCE SHEET – GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS TO THE STATEMENT OF NET POSITION JUNE 30, 2023

Total fund balance per fund financial statements	\$ 4,316,292
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of net position are different because:	
Capital assets used in governmental activities are not current financial resources and are not reported as assets	
in governmental funds. The cost of the assets is \$55,873,397	
and the accumulated depreciation is \$23,914,029	31,959,368
Governmental funds record debt refundings as other financing uses when	
the issues are refunded. Unamortized losses on refundings are	
reported on the statement of net position as deferred outflows of resources.	323,592
Pension and other postemployment benefit OPEB related items:	
Deferred outflows - OPEB	4,023,845
Deferred outflows - pension	1,642,067
Deferred inflows - OPEB	(3,214,202)
Deferred inflows - pension	(1,018,395)
Net OPEB liability	(6,976,512)
Net pension liability	(7,505,064)
Long-term liabilities, including interest payable, are not due and	
payable in the current period and are not reported as liabilities in	
governmental funds. Long-term liabilities at year-end consist of:	
Bond obligations (net of premiums/discounts)	(15,598,559)
Lease obligations	(294,981)
Interest payable on bonds	(105,872)
Noncurrent portion of accumulated sick leave	(151,299)
Net position of governmental activities	\$ 7,400,279

# WEBSTER COUNTY SCHOOL DISTRICT STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2023

	General	Special Revenue	Nonmajor Governmental	Total
REVENUES				
From local sources				
Taxes				
Property	\$ 3,323,061	\$ -	\$ 403,516	\$ 3,726,577
Motor vehicle	710,037	-	-	710,037
Utilities	850,689	-	-	850,689
Other	7,099	-	-	7,099
Earnings on investments	197,447	-	15,588	213,035
Student activities	-	-	325,838	325,838
Other local revenues	85,495	19,027	232,726	337,248
Intergovernmental - state	17,249,394	859,257	1,425,038	19,533,689
Intergovernmental - federal	75,563	5,416,105		5,491,668
Total revenues	22,498,785	6,294,389	2,402,706	31,195,880

# WEBSTER COUNTY SCHOOL DISTRICT STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES, continued GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2023

	General	Special Revenue	Nonmajor Governmental	Total
EXPENDITURES				
Current				
Instruction	12,292,521	2,529,495	454,603	15,276,619
Support services				
Student	1,331,080	98,785	-	1,429,865
Instructional staff	841,540	1,413,362	16,507	2,271,409
District administration	943,934	-	63,636	1,007,570
School administration	2,023,256	-	-	2,023,256
Business	535,789	-	-	535,789
Plant operations and maintenance	2,609,081	56,596	77,051	2,742,728
Student transportation	1,451,080	189,080	7,998	1,648,158
Community service activities	-	385,234	-	385,234
Other instructional	-	-	5,124	5,124
Other non-instruction	-	-	38,482	38,482
Building acquisition and construction	-	-	1,202,449	1,202,449
Debt service	<del>-</del> -	<u> </u>	1,862,403	1,862,403
Total expenditures	22,028,281	4,672,552	3,728,253	30,429,086

Continued

# WEBSTER COUNTY SCHOOL DISTRICT STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES, continued GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2023

	General	Special Revenue	Nonmajor Governmental	Total
Excess (deficit) of revenues	470.504	4 004 007	(4.005.547)	700 704
over (under) expenditures	470,504	1,621,837	(1,325,547)	766,794
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)	)			
Proceeds from disposal of fixed assets	7,366	-	-	7,366
Transfers in	100,000	46,858	2,874,390	3,021,248
Transfers (out)	(197,045)	(1,668,695)	(1,055,508)	(2,921,248)
Total other financing sources (uses)	(89,679)	(1,621,837)	1,818,882	107,366
Net changes in fund balances	380,825	-	493,335	874,160
Fund balances, beginning of year	3,524,318	(100)	(82,086)	3,442,132
Fund balances, end of year	\$ 3,905,143	\$ (100)	\$ 411,249	\$ 4,316,292

# WEBSTER COUNTY BOARD OF EDUCATION RECONCILATION OF THE STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES – GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS TO THE STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2023

Net change in fund balance - total governmental funds	\$ 874,160
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of activities are different because:	
Governmental funds report capital outlays as expenditures. However, in the statement of activities the cost of these assets is allocated over their estimated useful lives and reported as depreciation expense. This is the amount by which depreciation expenses exceeded capital outlay in the current period:  Capital outlay  Depreciation expense	1,834,194 (1,041,412)
Bond proceeds are reported as other financing sources in governmental funds and contribute to the change in fund balance. However, in the statement of net position, issuing debt increases long-term liabilities and does not affect the statement of activities. Similarly, repayment of bond principal is an expenditure in the government funds financial statements but is a reduction of the liability in the statement of net position.	
Bond repayments KISTA lease payments	1,265,000 125,046
Some items reported in the statement of activities do not involve current financial resources and, therefore, are not reported as expenditures in the governmental funds. These activities are:	,•
Deferred other postemployment benefits	(70,702)
Deferred pension	86,757
Accumulated sick leave-noncurrent portion	58,347
Amortization on deferred refunding of debt	(66,003)
Amortization of bond discount/premium	4,032
Accrued interest on bonds	 5,899

See accompanying notes to financial statements

\$ 3,075,318

Change in net position of governmental activities



### WEBSTER COUNTY BOARD OF EDUCATION STATEMENT OF NET POSITION PROPRIETARY FUND JUNE 30, 2023

	School Food Service
ASSETS	
Current assets	
Cash and cash equivalents	\$2,505,115
Accounts receivable	16,231
Inventory	54,657
Total current assets	2,576,003
	2,010,000
Noncurrent assets	
Capital assets	1,058,220
Less: accumulated depreciation	(898,936)
Total noncurrent assets	159,284
Total assets	2,735,287
DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES	
OPEB related	167,702
Pension related	438,677
Total deferred outflows of resources	606,379

# WEBSTER COUNTY BOARD OF EDUCATION STATEMENT OF NET POSITION, continued PROPRIETARY FUND JUNE 30, 2023

	School Food Service
LIABILITIES	
Current liabilities	
Accounts payable	2,425
Total current liabilities	2,425
Long-term liabilities	
Accrued salaries and benefits	14,512
Net OPEB liability	356,072
Net pension liability	1,500,986
Total noncurrent liabilities	1,871,570
Total liabilities	1,873,995
Total habilities	1,070,000
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES	
OPEB related	161,082
Pension related	134,103
Total deferred inflows of resources	295,185
NET POSITION	
Net investment in capital assets	159,284
Unrestricted	1,013,202
Total net position	\$1,172,486

# WEBSTER COUNTY SCHOOL DISTRICT STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENSES AND CHANGES IN NET POSITION PROPRIETARY FUND FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2023

		nool Food Service
OPERATING REVENUES Lunchroom sales	\$	86,099
Total operating revenues		86,099
OPERATING EXPENSES Salaries, wages and benefits Materials and supplies Depreciation Contract services Other		646,515 902,045 32,566 69,223 354
Total operating expenses	1	,650,703
Operating income (loss)	(1	,564,604)
NONOPERATING REVENUES (EXPENSES) Federal grants Donated commodities State grants State on-behalf payments Transfers in (out) Interest income		,882,142 125,942 11,598 97,231 (100,000) 95,364
Total nonoperating revenues (expenses)	2	2,112,277
Change in net position		547,673
Net position, beginning of year		624,813
Net position, end of year	\$ 1	,172,486

See accompanying notes to financial statements

# WEBSTER COUNTY SCHOOL DISTRICT STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS PROPRIETARY FUND FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2023

	School Food Service			
Cash flows from operating activities				
Cash received from				
Lunchroom sales	\$	83,094		
Cash paid to/for		(=== 0=0)		
Employees		(557,050)		
Supplies		(777,749)		
Contract services		(69,577)		
Net cash provided (used) by operating activities		(1,321,282)		
Cash flows from noncapital financing activities				
Transfers in (out)		(100,000)		
Government grants		1,893,740		
Sovernment grants		1,093,740		
Net cash provided (used) by noncapital				
financing activities		1,793,740		
Cash flows from investing activities				
Purchase of fixed assets		(47,389)		
Interest income		95,364		
Net cash provided (used) by investing activities		47,975		
Net increase (decrease) in cash and cash equivalents		520,433		
Cash and cash equivalents, beginning of year		1,984,682		
Cash and cash equivalents, end of year	\$	2,505,115		

# WEBSTER COUNTY SCHOOL DISTRICT STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS, continued PROPRIETARY FUND FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2023

	School Food Service			
Reconciliation of operating income (loss) to net cash provided (used) by operating activities  Operating income (loss)	\$	(1,564,604)		
Adjustments to reconcile operating income (loss) to net cash provided (used) by operating activities		,		
Depreciation		32,566		
Donated commodities		125,942		
State on-behalf payments		97,231		
Changes in assets and liabilities		,		
Accounts payable		2,425		
Accounts receivable		(3,005)		
Inventory		(4,071)		
Compensated absences		(25,067)		
OPEB		28,778		
Pension		(11,477)		
Net cash provided (used) by operating activities	\$	(1,321,282)		
Schedule of non-cash transactions  Donated commodities received from federal government  On-behalf payments	\$	125,942 97,231		



# WEBSTER COUNTY SCHOOL DISTRICT STATEMENT OF FIDUCIARY NET POSITION JUNE 30, 2023

		Private Purpose Trust Funds			
ASSETS Cash and cash equivalents	\$	36,373			
Total assets		36,373			
NET POSITION	<u>\$</u>	36,373			

# WEBSTER COUNTY SCHOOL DISTRICT STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN FIDUCIARY NET POSITION FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2023

	Private Purpose Trust Funds			
ADDITIONS Interest income Contributions	\$	- -		
Total additions				
DEDUCTIONS Community services				
Total deductions				
Change in net position		-		
Net position, beginning of year		36,373		
Net position, end of year	\$	36,373		



#### NOTE 1 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

#### **Nature of Operations**

The Webster County Board of Education (Board), a five-member group, is the level of government which has oversight responsibilities over all activities related to public elementary and secondary education within the jurisdiction of the Webster County School District (District). The District receives funding from local, state and federal government sources and must comply with the commitment requirements of these funding source entities. However, the District is not a component unit of any other governmental "reporting entity". Board members are elected by the public and have decision making authority, the power to designate management, the responsibility to develop policies which may influence operations and primary accountability for fiscal matters.

The District's financial statements are prepared in conformity with U.S. generally accepted accounting principles as prescribed by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board.

#### Reporting Entity

In accordance with Governmental Accounting and Financial Reporting Standards, the basic financial statements include all funds, agencies, boards, commissions and authorities for which the District is financially accountable. The District has also considered all other potential organizations for which the nature and significance of their relationships with the District are such that exclusion would cause the District's financial statements to be misleading or incomplete. The Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) has set forth criteria to be considered in determining financial accountability. These criteria include appointing a majority of an organization's governing body and 1) the ability of the District to impose its will on that organization or 2) the potential for the organization to provide specific benefits to, or impose specific financial burdens on, the District. In addition, the GASB Statement No. 39, as amended by GASB Statement No. 61, sets forth additional criteria to determine whether certain organizations for which the District is not financially accountable should be reported as component units based on the nature and significance of their relationship with the District. These criteria include 1) the economic resources being received or held by the separate organization being entirely or almost entirely for the direct benefit of the District, its component units, or its constituents, 2) the District being entitled to, or having the ability to otherwise access, a majority of the economic resources received or held by the organization and 3) the economic resources received or held by an individual organization that the District is entitled to, or has the ability to otherwise access, are significant to the District. Based on these criteria, there are no other organizations which should be included in these basic financial statements.

The financial statements of the District include those of separately administered organizations that are controlled by or dependent on the District. Control or dependence is determined on the basis of budget adoption, funding and appointment of the respective governing board.

Based on the foregoing criteria, the financial statements of the Webster County School District Finance Corporation are included in the accompanying financial statements. The Board authorized the establishment of the Corporation (a non-profit, non-stock, public and charitable corporation organized under the School Bond Act and KRS 273 and KRS 58.180) as an agency of the District for financing the costs of school building facilities. The Board Members of the Webster County Board of Education also comprise the Corporation's Board of Directors.

# NOTE 1 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES, continued

#### Basis of Presentation

The District's basic financial statements consist of government-wide statements, including a statement of net position and a statement of activities, and fund financial statements which provide a more detailed level of financial information.

#### Government-wide and Fund Financial Statements

The government-wide financial statements (i.e., the statement of net position and the statement of activities) report information on all of the nonfiduciary activities of the District. For the most part, the effect of the interfund activity has been removed from these statements. Governmental activities, which normally are supported by taxes and intergovernmental revenues, are reported separately from business-type activities, which rely to a significant extent on fees and charges for services. Interfund services provided and used are not eliminated in the process of consolidation for these statements.

The statement of net position presents the District's nonfiduciary assets and liabilities, with the difference reported as net position. Net position is reported in the following categories:

Net investment in capital assets – Consists of capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation/amortization and reduced by outstanding balances for bonds, notes and other debt attributable to the acquisition, construction or improvement of those assets.

Restricted net position – Results when constraints placed on net position use are either externally imposed or imposed by law through constitutional provisions or enabling legislation.

*Unrestricted net position* – Consists of net position that does not meet the definition of the preceding categories. Unrestricted net position often has constraints on resources imposed by management which can be removed or modified.

The statement of activities demonstrates the degree to which the direct expenses of a given function are offset by program revenues. Direct expenses are those that are clearly identifiable with a specific function. Program revenues include 1) charges to customers or applicants who purchase, use or directly benefit from goods, services or privileges provided by a given function and 2) grants and contributions that are restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements of a particular function. Taxes and other items not properly included among program revenues are reported instead as general revenues.

Separate financial statements are provided for governmental funds, proprietary funds and fiduciary funds, even though the latter are excluded from the government-wide financial statements. The focus of fund financial statements is on major funds. Major individual governmental funds are reported as separate columns in the fund financial statements. Nonmajor funds are aggregated and presented in a single column.

#### NOTE 1 – SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES, continued

#### Fund Accounting

The accounts of the District are organized on the basis of funds, each of which is considered to be a separate accounting entity. The operations of each fund are accounted for by providing a separate set of self-balancing accounts which comprise its assets, liabilities, fund balance/net position, revenues and expenditures or expenses, as appropriate. The District has the following funds:

The General Fund is the main operating fund of the District. It is used to account for all financial resources except those required to be accounted for in another fund. The General Fund accounts for the instructional and most of the support service programs of the District's operations. Revenue of the fund consists primarily of local property taxes and state governmental aid. This is a major fund of the District.

The *Special Revenue Funds* account for proceeds of specific revenue sources (other than agency funds or major capital projects) that are legally restricted to disbursements for specified purposes.

The Special Revenue (Grant) Fund includes federal financial programs where unused balances are returned to the grantor at the close of specified project periods, as well as the state grant programs. Project accounting is employed to maintain integrity for the various sources of funds. The separate projects of federally funded grant programs are identified in the Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards included in this report. This is a major fund of the District.

The Special Revenue District Activity Fund includes funds restricted to expenditures for purposes specified by Kentucky Department of Education requirements. Project accounting is employed to maintain integrity for the various sources of funds.

The Special Revenue Student Activity Fund accounts for money held by the District on behalf of the students who have raised these funds and are responsible for their disposition for co-curricular to extracurricular activities of the District.

Capital Projects Funds are used to account for financial resources to be used for the acquisition or construction of major capital facilities and equipment (other than those financed by Proprietary Funds).

The Support Education Excellence in Kentucky (SEEK) Capital Outlay Fund receives those funds designated by the state as capital outlay funds and is generally restricted for use in financing projects identified in the District's facility plan.

The Facility Support Program of Kentucky Fund (FSPK) accounts for funds generated by the building tax levy required to participate in the School Facilities Construction Commission's construction funding and state matching funds, where applicable. Funds may be used for projects identified in the District's facility plan.

The Construction Fund accounts for proceeds from sales of bonds and other revenue to be used for authorized construction.

The *Debt Service Fund* is used to account for the accumulation of resources for, and the payment of, general long-term debt principal, interest and related costs. Revenue of the fund primarily consists of local property taxes.

# NOTE 1 – SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES, continued

#### Proprietary Fund Types

Proprietary fund types are used to account for the District's ongoing organizations and activities which are similar to those often found in the private sector. The measurement focus is upon income determination, financial position and cash flows.

Enterprise Funds are used to account for those operations that are financed and operated in a manner similar to private business or where the District has decided that the determination of revenues earned, costs incurred and/or net income is necessary for management accountability.

The District has the following enterprise fund:

The School Food Service Fund accounts for the food service operations of the District.

#### Fiduciary Fund Type

Fiduciary funds account for assets held by the District in a trustee capacity for the benefit of others and cannot be used to support District activities.

## Measurement Focus and Basis of Accounting

The government-wide financial statements are reported using the economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting, as are proprietary fund financial statements. Revenues are recorded when earned and expenses are recorded when a liability is incurred, regardless of the timing of related cash flows. Property taxes are recognized as revenue in the year for which they are levied. Grants and similar items are recognized as revenue as soon as all eligibility requirements imposed by the provider have been satisfied. The District also reports a fiduciary fund which focuses on net position and changes in net position. The fiduciary fund reports on the accrual basis of accounting.

Governmental fund financial statements are reported using the current financial resources measurement focus and the modified accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are recognized as soon as they are both measurable and available. Revenues are considered to be available when they are collectible within the current period or soon enough thereafter to pay liabilities of the current period. For this purpose, the District considers revenues to be available if they are collected within 60 days of the current fiscal period. Expenditures generally are recorded when a liability is incurred, as under accrual accounting. However, debt service expenditures, as well as expenditures related to compensated absences and claims and judgments, are recorded only when payment is due. Capital asset acquisitions are reported as expenditures in governmental funds. Proceeds of general long-term debt and acquisitions under capital leases are reported as other financing sources.

## NOTE 1 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES, continued

#### Revenues – Exchange and Nonexchange Transactions

Property taxes, other taxes, grants, entitlements and interest associated with the current fiscal period are all considered to be susceptible to accrual and so have been recognized as revenues of the current period. All other revenue items are considered to be measurable and available only when cash is received.

Revenue resulting from exchange transactions, in which each party gives and receives essentially equal value, is recorded on the accrual basis when the exchange takes place. On a modified accrual basis, revenue is recorded in the fiscal year in which the resources are measurable and become available.

Nonexchange transactions, in which the District receives value without directly giving equal value in return, include property taxes, grants, entitlements and donations. On an accrual basis, revenue from property taxes is recognized in the fiscal year for which it is budgeted. Revenue from grants, entitlements and donations is recognized in the fiscal year in which all eligibility requirements have been satisfied. Eligibility requirements include timing requirements, which specify the year when the resources are required to be used or the fiscal year when use is first permitted; matching requirements, in which the District must provide local resources to be used for a specified purpose; and expenditure requirements, in which the resources are provided to the District on a reimbursement basis. On a modified accrual basis, revenue from nonexchange transactions must also be available before it can be recognized.

Proprietary funds distinguish operating revenues and expenses from non-operating items. Operating revenues and expenses generally result from providing services and producing and delivering goods in connection with a proprietary fund's principal ongoing operations. The principal operating revenue of the District's proprietary funds are charges for food sales or tuition and fees. Operating expenses for proprietary funds include the cost of services, administrative expenses and depreciation on capital assets. All revenues and expenses not meeting this definition are reported as non-operating revenues and expenses.

Under the terms of grant agreements, the District funds certain programs by a combination of specific cost reimbursement grants and general revenues. Thus, when program expenses are incurred, there are both restricted and unrestricted net position available to finance the program. It is the District's policy to first apply cost reimbursement grant resources to such programs and then general revenues.

When an expenditure is incurred in governmental funds which can be paid using either restricted or unrestricted resources, the District's policy is generally to first apply the expenditure to restricted fund balance and then to less restrictive classifications—committed, assigned and then unassigned fund balances.

#### NOTE 1 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES, continued

The Significant Accounting Policies Followed by the District Include the Following:

#### Cash and Cash Equivalents

The District considers demand deposits, money market funds and time deposits that are nonnegotiable to be cash and cash equivalents for governmental, proprietary and fiduciary funds. This definition is also used for the proprietary funds' statements of cash flows.

#### Property Taxes Receivable

Property taxes in the governmental funds are accounted for using the modified accrual basis of accounting.

Property taxes collected are recorded as revenues in the fund for which they were levied. Property taxes are levied on the assessed value listed as of the prior January 1 for all real and personal property located in the District. Taxes become delinquent after December 31.

The property tax rates for the year ended June 30, 2023, to finance the General Fund operations were \$.558 per \$100 valuation for real property, \$.586 per \$100 valuation for business tangible personal property and \$.480 per \$100 valuation for motor vehicles.

The District levies a utility gross receipts license tax in the amount of 3.00% of the gross receipts derived from furnishing, within the District, of telephonic and telegraphic communications services, cablevision services, electric power, water and natural, artificial and mixed gas.

#### Inventories

Inventories are valued at cost, which approximates market. The Food Service Fund uses the specific identification method, and the General Fund uses the first-in, first-out method. The District's inventories include various items consisting of school supplies, paper, books, maintenance items, transportation items, commodities, etc. USDA commodities received from the Federal government are recorded at the value established by the Federal government using the average cost method.

# NOTE 1 – SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES, continued

#### **Prepaid Expenditures**

Payments made that will benefit periods beyond the end of the fiscal year are recorded as prepaid items using the consumption method. A current asset for the prepaid amount is recorded at the time of the purchase, and an expenditure/expense is reported in the year in which services are consumed.

#### Capital Assets

General capital assets are those assets not specifically related to activities reported in the proprietary funds. These assets generally result from expenditures in the governmental funds. These assets are reported in the governmental activities column of the government-wide statement of net position but are not reported in the fund financial statements. Capital assets utilized by the proprietary funds are reported both in the business-type activities column of the government-wide statement of net position and in the respective funds.

All capital assets are capitalized at cost (or estimated historical cost) and updated for additions and retirements during the year. Donated fixed assets are recorded at their fair market values as of the date received. The District maintains a capitalization threshold of \$5,000 with the exception of computers, digital cameras and real property for which there is no threshold. The District does not possess any infrastructure. Improvements are capitalized; the cost of normal maintenance and repairs that do not add value to the asset or materially extend an asset's life are not. Improvements are depreciated over the remaining useful lives of the related capital assets.

All reported capital assets, except land and construction in progress, are depreciated. Depreciation is computed using the straight-line method over the following useful lives for both general capital assets and proprietary fund assets:

	Estimated Lives
Description	for Depreciation
Buildings and improvements	20-25 years
Land improvements	20 years
Software	7 years
Leasehold improvements	25-50 years
Technology equipment	5 years
Vehicles	5-10 years
Food Service equipment	12 years
Furniture and fixtures	7-20 years
Other	10-15 years

# NOTE 1 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES, continued

#### **Unearned Revenue**

Proprietary funds defer revenue recognition in connection with resources that have been received, but not earned. Unearned revenue in governmental funds arises when assets are recognized before revenue recognition criteria have been satisfied. Grants and entitlements received before the eligibility requirements are met are also recorded as unearned revenue. Unearned revenue consists primarily of school registration fees and meal revenues collected for the programs and services in the next school year.

#### **Debt Premiums and Discounts**

Unamortized premiums and discounts associated with bond issues are amortized over the lives of the related bonds using the straight-line method and are an addition (premium) or deduction (discount) to the debt balances in the government-wide statements.

## **Compensated Absences**

Compensated absences are payments to employees for accumulated sick leave. These amounts also include the related employer's share of applicable taxes and retirement contributions. District employees may accumulate unused sick leave up to a specified amount depending on their date of hire. Sick leave is payable to employees upon termination or retirement at 30.00% of the current rate of pay on the date of termination or retirement. The District uses the termination method to calculate the compensated absences amounts. The entire compensated absence liability is reported on the government-wide financial statements. The current portion is the amount estimated to be used in the following year. An expenditure is recognized in the governmental fund as payments come due each period, for example, as a result of employee resignations and retirements. Compensated absences not recorded at the fund level represent a reconciling item between the fund level and government-wide presentations.

#### Long-term Liabilities

In the government-wide financial statements, long-term debt and other long-term obligations are reported as liabilities in the governmental activities column in the statement of net position.

#### Pensions and Other Postemployment Benefits (OPEB)

For purposes of measuring the liability, deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions and pension expense, OPEB and OPEB expense, information about the fiduciary net position of the County Employees Retirement System (CERS), and Teachers' Retirement System of the State of Kentucky (KTRS) and additions to/deductions from fiduciary net position have been determined on the same basis as they are reported by the pensions. For this purpose, benefit payments (including refunds of employee contributions) are recognized when due and payable in accordance with the benefit terms. Investments are reported at fair value, except for money market investments and participating interest-earning investment contracts that have a maturity at the time of purchase of one year or less, which are reported at cost.

#### NOTE 1 – SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES, continued

#### Deferred Outflows/Inflows of Resources

In addition to assets, the statement of net position will sometimes report a separate financial statement element, *deferred outflows of resources*, which represents a consumption of net position that applies to a future period and so will not be recognized as an outflow of resources (expense/expenditure) until then. The District has three items that qualify for reporting in this category: the deferred outflows of resources relate to the net pension liability described in Note 11, the net OPEB liability described in Note 12 and the deferred amount on refunding of debt.

In addition to liabilities, the statement of net position will sometimes report a separate financial statement element, *deferred inflows of resources*, which represents an acquisition of net position that applies to a future period and so will not be recognized as an inflow of resources (revenue) until that time. The District has two items that qualify for reporting in this category: the deferred inflows of resources related to the net pension liability described in Note 11 and the net OPEB liability described in Note 12.

#### Cash Flows

For the purpose of cash flows, the District considers all highly liquid investments with a maturity of three months or less when purchased to be cash equivalents.

#### **Fund Balances**

In the governmental fund financial statements, fund balances are classified as follows:

<u>Non-spendable</u> – Amounts which cannot be spent either because they are not in a spendable form or because they are legally or contractually required to be maintained intact.

<u>Restricted</u> – Amounts restricted to specific purposes when constraints placed on the use of the resources are either externally imposed by creditors, grantors or state or federal laws or imposed by law through constitutional provisions or enabling legislation.

<u>Committed</u> – Amounts which can be used only for specific purposes pursuant to constraints formally imposed by the Board of Education through resolution approved prior to year-end. Those committed amounts cannot be used for any other purpose unless the Board of Education removes or changes the specified use by taking the same action it employed to commit those amounts.

<u>Assigned</u> – Amounts the Board of Education intends to use for specific purposes. The authority to assign fund balances has been designated by the District's Board of Education to the Finance Officer.

<u>Unassigned</u> – All amounts not included in other spendable classifications as well as any deficit fund balance of any other governmental fund is reported as unassigned.

#### NOTE 1 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES, continued

The District's flow of funds assumption prescribes that the funds with the highest level of constraint are expended first. If restricted or unrestricted funds are available for spending, the restricted funds are spent first. Additionally, if different levels of unrestricted funds are available for spending, the District considers committed funds to be expended first followed by assigned funds and then unassigned.

#### **Net Position**

In proprietary funds, fiduciary funds and government-wide financial statements, net position represents the difference between assets plus deferred outflows of resources and liabilities plus deferred inflows of resources. Net investment in capital assets consists of capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation, reduced by the outstanding balances of any borrowings used for the acquisition, construction or improvement of those assets.

Net position is reported as restricted when there are limitations imposed on its use through the enabling legislation adopted by the District or through external restrictions imposed by creditors, grantors or laws or regulations of other governments.

#### **Net Position Flow Assumption**

Sometimes the District will fund outlays for a particular purpose from both restricted (e.g. restricted bond or grant proceeds) and unrestricted resources. In order to calculate the amounts to report as restricted net position and unrestricted net position in the government-wide and proprietary fund financial statements, a flow assumption must be made about the order in which the resources are considered to be applied. It is the District's policy to consider restricted net position to have been depleted before unrestricted net position is applied.

#### Interfund Activity

Exchange transactions between funds are reported as revenues in the seller funds and as expenditures/expenses in the purchaser funds. Flows of cash or goods from one fund to another without a requirement for repayment are reported as interfund transfers. Interfund transfers are reported as other financing sources/uses in governmental funds and after non-operating revenues/expenses in proprietary funds. Repayments from funds responsible for particular expenditures/expenses to the funds that initially paid for them are not presented on the financial statements.

#### **Estimates**

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America requires the District's management to make estimates and assumptions that affect reported amounts of certain financial statement balances. Actual results could differ from those estimates.

#### NOTE 1 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES, continued

#### Subsequent Events

Subsequent events have been evaluated through November 10, 2023, which is the date the financial statements were available to be issued.

#### **NOTE 2 – CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS**

Custodial credit risk for deposits is the risk that in the event of a bank failure, the District's deposits may not be returned to it. The District's policy is to have all deposits secured by pledged securities. The District's cash deposits are covered by the Federal Depository Insurance Corporation up to \$250,000 per financial institution, with the remainder covered by collateral agreements and collateral held by the pledging banks' trust departments in the District's name. At June 30, 2023, the District's bank balance of \$6,541,479 was fully collateralized.

At June 30, 2023, the carrying amount of the District's cash and cash equivalents was \$6,229,574.

The carrying amounts are reflected in the financial statements as follows:

Governmental funds Proprietary funds Fiduciary funds	\$3,688,086 2,505,115 36,373
Total	\$6,229,574

**NOTE 3 – CAPITAL ASSETS** 

Capital asset activity for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2023, was as follows:

	Balance			Balance
Governmental Activities	July 1, 2022	Additions	Deductions	June 30, 2023
Capital assets not depreciated				
Land	\$ 542,261	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 542,261
Construction in progress	49,483	1,709,068		1,758,551
Total non-depreciable				
historical cost	591,744	1,709,068		2,300,812
Capital assets depreciated				
Land improvements	1,127,642			1,127,642
Buildings and improvements	46,638,627	-	-	46,638,627
Technology equipment	159,329	-	- 14,504	144,825
Vehicles	4,533,632	- 125,126	14,504	4,658,758
General equipment	1,007,591	125,120	- 4,858	1,002,733
General equipment	1,007,391		4,030	1,002,733
Total depreciable historical cost	53,466,821	125,126	19,362	53,572,585
Less: accumulated depreciation				
Land improvements	752,792	36,970	_	789,762
Buildings and improvements	17,422,645	797,574	_	18,220,219
Technology equipment	546,643	6,850	14,504	538,989
Vehicles	3,500,204	180,616	-	3,680,820
General equipment	669,695	19,402	4,858	684,239
Total accumulated depreciation	22,891,979	1,041,412	19,362	23,914,029
Total depreciable historical				
cost - net	30,574,842	(916,286)	_	29,658,556
003t - 116t	30,374,042	(310,200)		29,030,330
Governmental activities				
capital assets - net	\$ 31,166,586	\$ 792,782	\$ -	\$ 31,959,368
	<u></u>			·

Construction work in progress consists of the high school and middle school roof repairs (\$451,872) and the high school HVAC controls upgrade project (\$1,306,679).

# **NOTE 3 – CAPITAL ASSETS**, continued

Depreciation expense was charged to governmental functions as follows:

Governmental Activ Instruction Support services	vities				\$	527,384		
Student						13,007		
District administra	ation					11,347		
School administra	ation					252,975		
Plant operations	and ma	aintenanc	е			58,643		
Student transport	tation					178,056		
					\$ ^	1,041,412		
		ance			_			Balance
Business-type Activities	July 1	, 2022	Additions		Deductions		Jur	e 30, 2023
Capital assets depreciated	Φ.	00	Φ.		Φ.		Φ.	00
Technology equipment	\$	69	\$	-	\$	-	\$	69
Food service equipment	-	06,313		47,389		14,500		1,039,202
Vehicles		18,949		<u>-</u>		<u>-</u>	-	18,949
Total depreciable historical cost	1,0	25,331		47,389		14,500		1,058,220
Less: accumulated depreciation								
Technology equipment		10,429		-		-		10,429
Food service equipment	8	50,604		32,566		14,500		868,670
Vehicles		19,837						19,837
Total accumulated depreciation	8	80,870		32,566		14,500		898,936
Business-type activities								
capital assets - net	\$ 1	44,461	\$	14,823	\$	-	\$	159,284

#### **NOTE 4 - LONG-TERM OBLIGATIONS**

The various issues of school building revenue bonds are as follows:

Issue	 Proceeds Interest Rate		Maturity Dates
2004	\$ 300,000	4.63%	2024
2012	3,005,000	0.90 - 2.60%	2033
2013	4,650,000	1.50 - 4.05%	2034
2014	1,405,000	0.45 - 2.40%	2026
2015	860,000	2.00%	2026
2016R	8,840,000	0.50 - 1.77%	2029
2016	1,245,000	2.00%	2037
2017	645,000	1.25 - 3.55%	2037
2019	2,850,000	1.250 - 3.125%	2039

The District, through the General Fund, including utility taxes and the SEEK Capital Outlay Fund, is obligated to make payments in amounts sufficient to satisfy debt service requirements on bonds issued by the Webster County School District Finance Corporation to construct school facilities. The District has an option to purchase the property under lease at any time by retiring the bonds then outstanding.

The District has entered into "participation agreements" with the School Facilities Construction Commission (SFCC). The Commission was created by the Kentucky General Assembly for the purpose of assisting local school districts in meeting school construction needs. The table below sets forth the amount to be paid by the District and the Commission for each year until maturity of all bond issues. The liability for the total bond amount remains with the District and, as such, the total principal outstanding has been recorded in the financial statements.

The bonds may be called prior to maturity, and redemption premiums are specified in each issue. Assuming no bonds are called prior to scheduled maturity, the minimum obligations of the District, including amounts to be paid by the Commission, at June 30, 2023 for debt service (principal and interest) are as follows:

NOTE 4 – LONG-TERM OBLIGATIONS, continued

		Webster County			School Facilities				
		School	Dist	rict		Construction	Com	mission	
Year	ı	Principal		Interest		Principal		Interest	 Total
2024	\$	759,372	\$	354,920	\$	515,628	\$	79,215	\$ 1,709,135
2025		784,001		337,581		505,999		67,918	1,695,499
2026		808,323		319,249		516,677		57,241	1,701,490
2027		837,394		299,304		527,606		46,311	1,710,615
2028		850,608		277,093		539,392		34,526	1,701,619
2029-2033		4,569,209		963,715		750,791		72,464	6,356,179
2034-2038		2,963,300		308,452		216,700		13,347	3,501,799
2039-2043		463,720		13,912		6,280		188	 484,100
				_		_			_
	\$ 1	12,035,927	\$	2,874,226	\$	3,579,073	\$	371,210	\$ 18,860,436

A summary of changes in long-term liabilities for the year ended June 30, 2023:

	Balance July 1, 2022	Additions	Reductions	Balance June 30, 2023	Due Within One Year
Governmental activities					
General obligation debt	\$ 16,880,000	\$ -	\$ 1,265,000	\$ 15,615,000	\$ 1,275,000
Premium (discount)	(12,407)	<u> </u>	4,034	(16,441)	(4,034)
Total bonds payable	16,867,593	-	1,269,034	15,598,559	1,270,966
Financed purchases	420,027	-	125,046	294,981	97,076
Compensated absences	226,100	-	34,480	191,620	40,321
Net OPEB liability	5,230,086	1,746,426	-	6,976,512	-
Net pension liability	6,684,038	821,026		7,505,064	
Total	\$ 29,427,844	\$ 2,567,452	\$ 1,428,560	\$ 30,566,736	\$ 1,408,363
Business-type activities					
Compensated absences	39,579	-	25,067	14,512	-
Net OPEB liability	351,991	4,081	-	356,072	-
Net pension liability	1,390,893	110,093		1,500,986	
Total	\$ 1,782,463	\$ 114,174	\$ 25,067	\$ 1,871,570	\$ -

#### NOTE 5 - CAPITAL LEASES

Leases meeting certain criteria are treated as financings and, according to generally accepted accounting principles, are recorded as capitalized leases. The District leases school buses pursuant to these types of leases and, as such, the cost is included with property and equipment. The related capital lease obligation reflects the present value of future lease payments less an interest amount implicit in the lease.

		Ad	ccumulated
Class of Property	 Cost	D	epreciation
Vehicles	\$ 1,817,366	\$	1,692,622

Future minimum payments under the long-term capital lease obligation, together with the present value of the net minimum lease payments as of June 30, 2023 are, as follows:

Year	KISTA
Ending	Leases
2024	\$ 104,616
2025	53,476
2026	49,672
2027	49,692
2028	24,395
2029-2030	33,963
Total minimum lease payments	315,814
Lease amount representing interest	(20,833)
Present value of net minimum lease payments	\$ 294,981

#### NOTE 5 - CAPITAL LEASES, continued

During the year ended June 30, 2023, the following changes occurred in the capital lease obligations:

	_	Balance y 1, 2022	Add	ditions	P	ayments	_	Balance e 30, 2023	-	Due in ne Year
KISTA 13	\$	30,689	\$	-	\$	30,689	\$	-	\$	-
KISTA 14		97,693		-		48,071		49,622		49,622
KISTA 17		112,220		-		22,787		89,433		23,379
KISTA 19		76,080		-		10,873		65,207		11,172
KISTA 20		103,345				12,626		90,719		12,903
	\$	420,027	\$		\$	125,046	\$	294,981	\$	97,076

#### NOTE 6 - COMPENSATED ABSENCES

Upon retirement from the school system, employees will receive from the District an amount equal to 30.00% of the value of accumulated sick leave. For governmental fund financial statements, the current portion of unpaid accrued sick leave is the amount expected to be funded with current year's economic financial resources. These amounts are recorded in the account "accrued sick leave payable" in the General Fund. Management has estimated that the amount for governmental activities will be approximately \$191,620, with \$40,321 considered the short-term portion and \$151,299 considered the long-term portion. Management has estimated that the amount for business-type activities will be approximately \$14,512, with \$0 considered the short-term portion and \$14,512 considered the long-term portion.

# **NOTE 7 – FUND BALANCE REPORTING**

The following is a summary of designations of Fund Balance at June 30, 2023:

	General	Special evenue	lonmajor /ernmental	Total
Nonspendable	\$ 133,102	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 133,102
Restricted				
Student activity funds	-	-	374,457	374,457
District activity funds	-	-	20,746	20,746
SFCC escrow	-	-	16,046	16,046
Committed	734,844	-	-	734,844
Assigned				
Purchase obligation	3,038	-	-	3,038
Unassigned	 3,034,159	(100)	 	3,034,059
	\$ 3,905,143	\$ (100)	\$ 411,249	\$ 4,316,292

# **NOTE 8 – TRANSFER OF FUNDS**

The following transfers were made during the year:

From Fund	To Fund	Purpose	Amount
General Fund	Debt Service	Debt Service	\$ 150,187
Capital Outlay	Debt Service	Debt Service	135,681
Special Revenue	Debt Service	Debt Service	40,000
Building Fund	Debt Service	Debt Service	919,828
Special Revenue	<b>Building Fund</b>	ESSER to HVAC Project	1,064,536
Special Revenue	<b>Building Fund</b>	ESSER to Roof Project	564,158
General Fund	Special Revenue	KETS Match	41,858
General Fund	Special Revenue	Community Ed Match	5,000
Food Service	General Fund	Indirect Cost	100,000
			\$ 3,021,248

#### NOTE 9 - DEFICIT OPERATING FUND BALANCES/EXCESS APPROPRIATIONS

Special Revenue fund has a deficit fund balance of \$100.

Expenditures exceed appropriations in the Special Revenue Fund by \$1,122,455. These over expenditures were funded by greater than anticipated revenues in that fund.

#### **NOTE 10 - ON-BEHALF PAYMENTS**

The Kentucky State Department of Education has indicated the following amounts were contributed on behalf of the District for the year ended June 30, 2023:

Health insurance	\$2,729,373
Life insurance	3,893
Administrative fee	31,288
Health reimbursement account - HRA/dental/vision	107,625
	2,872,179
Federal reimbursements of health benefits	(212,941)
	2,659,238
KTRS pension and insurance fund	4,292,518
Technology	100,522
SFCC debt service	616,708
	\$7,668,986

The District is not legally responsible for these contributions. These payments are not required to be budgeted by the District. The total of these payments has been included in revenues and the applicable expenditure functions in these financial statements as follows:

Governmental activities	
General Fund	\$6,955,047
Debt Service Fund	616,708
Business-type activities	
Food Service Fund	97,231_
	<del>.</del>
	\$7,668,986

# **NOTE 11 - PENSION PLANS**

The District's employees are provided with two pension plans, based on each position's college degree requirement. The County Employees Retirement System Non-Hazardous (CERS) covers employees whose position does not require a college degree or teaching certification. The Teachers Retirement System (TRS) covers positions requiring teaching certification or otherwise requiring a college degree.

# General Information about the County Employees Retirement System Non-Hazardous (CERS) Pension Plan

Plan description – Full-time employees whose positions do not require a degree beyond high school diploma are covered by CERS, a cost-sharing, multiple-employer defined benefit plan administered by the Board of Trustees of the Kentucky Public Pensions Authority (KPPA). The CERS financial statements and other supplementary information are contained in the publicly available annual financial report of the KPPA. That report may be obtained from http://kyret.ky.gov/

Benefits provided – CERS provides retirement, death and disability benefits to Plan employees and beneficiaries. Retirement benefits may be extended to beneficiaries of plan members under certain circumstances. For retirement purposes, employees are grouped into three tiers, based on hire date:

Tier 1	Participation date Unreduced retirement Reduced retirement	Before September 1, 2008 27 years' service or 65 years old At least 5 years' service and 55 years old At least 25 years' service and any age
	Required contributions	5.00%
Tier 2	Participation date	September 1, 2008 – December 31, 2013
	Unreduced retirement	At least 5 years' service and 65 years old or age 57+ and sum of service years plus age equal 87
	Reduced retirement	At least 10 years' service and 60 years old
	Required contributions	5.00% + 1.00% for insurance
Tier 3	Participation date	After December 31, 2013
	Unreduced retirement	At least 5 years' service and 65 years old or age 57+ and sum of service years plus age equal 87
	Reduced retirement	Not available
	Required contributions	5.00% + 1.00% for insurance

#### **NOTE 11 - PENSION PLANS, continued**

Cost of living adjustments are provided at the discretion of the General Assembly. Retirement is based on a factor of the number of years' service and hire date multiplied by the average of the highest five years' earnings. Reduced benefits are based on factors of both of these components. Participating employees become eligible to receive the health insurance benefit after at least 180 months of service. Death benefits are provided for both death after retirement and death prior to retirement. Death benefits after retirement are \$5,000 in lump sum. Five years' service is required for death benefits prior to retirement and the employee must have suffered a duty-related death. The decedent's beneficiary will receive the higher of the normal death benefit and \$10,000 plus 25% of the decedent's monthly final rate of pay and any dependent child will receive 10% of the decedent's monthly final rate of pay up to 40% for all dependent children. Five years' service is required for nonservice-related disability benefits.

Contributions – Per Kentucky Revised Statute 61.565, normal contribution and past service contribution rates shall be determined by the Board of Trustees of the Kentucky Public Pensions Authority on the basis of an annual valuation last preceding the July 1 of a new biennium. The Board may amend contribution rates as of the first day of July of the second year of a biennium, if it is determined on the basis of a subsequent actuarial valuation that amended contribution rates are necessary to satisfy requirements determined in accordance with actuarial bases adopted by the Board. For the year ended June 30, 2023, plan members were required to contribute 5% of their annual creditable compensation. Plan members hired subsequent to September 1, 2008 were required to contribute 6% of their annual creditable compensation. The District is required to contribute at an actuarial determined rate. For the fiscal year ended June 30, 2023, participating employers contributed 23.40% of each employee's creditable compensation.

# Pension Liabilities, Pension Expense, Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions

At June 30, 2023, The District reported a liability of \$9,006,050 for its proportionate share of the net pension liability. The net pension liability of the plan was measured as of June 30, 2022, and the total pension liability used to calculate the net pension liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of that date.

The District's proportion of the net pension liability was based on the actual liability of the employees and former employees relative to the total liability of the System as determined by the actuary. At June 30, 2023, the District's proportion was 0.124582%.

#### NOTE 11 - PENSION PLANS, continued

Since certain expense items are amortized over closed periods each year, the deferred portions of these items must be tracked annually. If the amounts serve to reduce pension expense, they are labeled deferred inflows. If they will increase pension expense, they are labeled deferred outflows. The amortization of these amounts is accomplished on a level dollar basis, with no interest included in the deferred amounts. Experience gains/losses and the impact of changes in actuarial assumptions, if any, are amortized over the average remaining service life of the active and inactive System members at the beginning of the fiscal year. Investment gains and losses are amortized over a fixed five-year period.

For the measurement period ended June 30, 2022, the District recognized pension expense of \$772,126. At June 30, 2023, the District reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions from the following sources:

Deferred		_	eferred flows of
_			
Res	sources	Ke	sources
\$	9,629	\$	80,203
	-		-
1,2	225,454		994,571
	26,479		77,724
	819,182		-
•			
\$2,0	080,744	\$1	,152,498
	Out Res	Outflows of Resources  \$ 9,629 - 1,225,454	Outflows of Resources Resources Resources \$ 9,629 \$ - 1,225,454 \$ 26,479 \$ 819,182

For the year ended June 30, 2023, \$819,182 reported as deferred outflows of resources related to pensions resulting from District contributions subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as a reduction of the net pension liability in the year ended June 30, 2024.

#### **NOTE 11 – PENSION PLANS, continued**

Other amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources to pensions will be recognized in pension expense as follows:

\$ (33,998)
(37,100)
(75,682)
255,844
-
-
\$ 109,064

Actuarial assumptions – For financial reporting, the actuarial valuation as of June 30, 2022 was performed by Gabriel Roeder Smith (GRS). The total pension liability, net pension liability and sensitivity information as of June 30, 2022 were based on an actuarial valuation date of June 30, 2020. The total pension liability was rolled forward from the valuation date (June 30, 2020) to the plan's fiscal year ending June 30, 2022 using generally accepted actuarial principles.

There have been no actuarial assumption or method changes since June 30, 2020. Additionally, there have been no plan provision changes that would materially affect the total pension liability since June 30, 2021.

#### NOTE 11 - PENSION PLANS, continued

Based on the June 30, 2020 actuarial valuation report, the actuarial methods and assumptions used to calculate the required contributions are below.

Determined by the

Actuarial Valuation as of: June 30, 2020 Actuarial Cost Method: Entry Age Normal

Asset Valuation Method: 20% of the difference between the market

value of assets and the expected actuarial

value of assets is recognized

Amortization Method: Level percent of pay

Amortization Period: 30-year closed period at June 30, 2019

Gains/losses incurring after 2019 will be amortized over separate closed 20-year

amortization bases

Payroll Growth Rate 2.00% Investment Return: 6.25% Inflation: 2.30%

Salary Increases: 3.30% to 10.30%, varies by service

Mortality: System-specific mortality table based on

mortality experience from 2013-2018, projected with the ultimate rates from MP-2014 mortality improvement scale

using a base year of 2019

Phase-in provision: Board certified rate is phased into the

actuarially determined rate in accordance

with HB 362 enacted in 2018.

Long-term rate of return – The long-term expected return on plan assets was determined by using a building-block method in which best-estimated ranges of expected future real returns are developed for each asset class. The ranges are combined by weighting the expected future real rate of return by the target asset allocation percentage.

#### **NOTE 11 – PENSION PLANS, continued**

	Target	Long-term Expected
Asset Class	Allocation	Real Rate of Return
Public equity	50.00%	4.45%
Private equity	10.00%	10.15%
Core bonds	10.00%	28.00%
High yield	10.00%	2.28%
Real estate	7.00%	3.67%
Real return	13.00%	4.07%
Cash	0.00%	-0.91%
Total	100.00%	

Discount rate — The discount rates used to measure the total pension liability for the measurement period with year ended June 30, 2022 was 6.25%. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate of 6.25% for CERS Non-hazardous assumes that the funds receive the required employer contributions each future year, as determined by the current funding policy established in Statute as amended by House Bill 362 (passed in 2018) over the remaining 30 years (closed) amortization period of the unfunded actuarial accrued liability.

The discount rate determination does not use a municipal bond rate. The target asset allocation and best estimates of arithmetic real rates of return for each major asset class are summarized in the Annual Comprehensive Financial Report (ACFR).

Sensitivity of the District's proportionate share of net pension liability to changes in the discount rate — The following table presents the District's proportionate share of the net pension liability, calculated using the discount rates selected by the pension system, as well as what the District's proportionate share of the net pension liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1-percentage-point lower or 1-percentage-point higher than the current rate.

	1% Decrease	Discount Rate	1% Increase	
	5.25%	6.25%	7.25%	
District's proportionate share				
of net pension liability	\$ 11,256,445	\$ 9,006,050	\$ 7,144,786	

Pension plan fiduciary net position – Detailed information about the pension plan's fiduciary net position is available in the separately issued financial reports of CERS.

Payable to the pension plan – At June 30, 2023, the District reported a payable of \$0 for the outstanding amount of contributions to the pension plan required for the year ended June 30, 2023.

#### NOTE 11 - PENSION PLANS, continued

# General Information about the Teachers' Retirement System of the State of Kentucky (KTRS) Pension Plan

Plan description – Teaching-certified employees of the District and other employees whose positions require at least a college degree are provided pensions through the Teachers' Retirement System of the State of Kentucky (KTRS) — a cost-sharing multiple-employer defined benefit pension plan with a special funding situation established to provide retirement annuity plan coverage for local school districts and other public educational agencies in the Commonwealth. KTRS was created by the 1938 General Assembly and is governed by Chapter 161 Section 220 through Chapter 161 Section 990 of the KRS. KTRS is a blended component unit of the Commonwealth of Kentucky and, therefore, is included in the Commonwealth's financial statements. KTRS issues a publicly available financial report that can be obtained at <a href="http://trs.ky.gov/financial-reports-information/">http://trs.ky.gov/financial-reports-information/</a>.

Benefits provided – For employees who have established an account in a retirement system administered by the Commonwealth prior to July 1, 2008, employees become vested when they complete five (5) years of credited service. To qualify for monthly retirement benefits, payable for life, employees must either:

- 1. Attain age fifty-five (55) and complete five (5) years of Kentucky service, or
- 2. Complete 27 years of Kentucky service.

Participants who retire before age 60 with less than 27 years of service receive reduced retirement benefits. Non-university employees with an account established prior to July 1, 2002 receive monthly payments equal to 2.00% (service prior to July 1, 1983) and 2.50% percent (service after July 1, 1983) of their final average salaries for each year of credited service. New members (including second retirement accounts) after July 1, 2002 will receive monthly benefits equal to 2.00% of their final average salary for each year of service if, upon retirement, their total service was less than ten years. New members after July 1, 2002 who retire with ten or more years of total service will receive monthly benefits equal to 2.50% of their final average salary for each year of service, including the first ten years. In addition, members who retire July 1, 2004 and later with more than 30 years of service will have their multiplier increased for all years over 30 from 2.50% to 3.00% to be used in their benefit calculation. Effective July 1, 2008, the System has been amended to change the benefit structure for employees hired on or after that date

Participants hired on or after January 1, 2022, conditions for retirement are attainment age of fifty-seven (57) and ten (10) years of service or age sixty-five (65) and five (5) years of service. The annual foundational benefit for non-university participants is equal to service times a multiplier times final average salary. The multiplier ranges from 1.70% to 2.40% based on age and years of service.

#### NOTE 11 - PENSION PLANS, continued

	Years of Service				
Age	5-9.99	10-19.99	20-29.99	30 or more	
57-60	-	1.70%	1.95%	2.20%	
61	-	1.74%	1.99%	2.24%	
62	-	1.78%	2.03%	2.28%	
63	-	1.82%	2.07%	2.32%	
64	-	1.86%	2.11%	2.36%	
65 and over	1.90%	1.90%	2.15%	2.40%	

The annual foundational benefit is reduced by 6% per year from the earlier of age 60 or the date the participant would have completed 30 years of service.

Final average salary is defined as the member's five (5) highest salaries for those with less than 27 years of service. Members at least age 55 with 27 or more years of service may use their three (3) highest annual salaries to compute the final average salary. KTRS also provides disability benefits for vested members at the rate of sixty (60) percent of the final average salary. A life insurance benefit, payable upon the death of a member, is \$2,000 for active contributing members and \$5,000 for retired or disabled members.

Cost of living increases are one and one-half (1.5) percent annually. Additional ad hoc increases and any other benefit amendments must be authorized by the General Assembly.

Contributions – Contribution rates are established by Kentucky Revised Statutes (KRS). For members who began participating before January 1, 2022, non-university members are required to contribute 12.855% of their salaries to the System. For members employed by local school districts, the Commonwealth of Kentucky, as a non-employer contributing entity, contributes 13.105% of salaries for those who joined before July 1, 2008 and 14.105% for those who joined on or after July 1, 2008, and before January 1, 2022. For members who began participating on or after January 1, 2022, non-university members contribute 14.75% of their salaries to the system. Employers of non-university members, including the Commonwealth of Kentucky, as a non-employer contributing entity, contribute 10.75% of salaries. For local school district and regional cooperative members whose salaries are federally funded, the employer contributes 16.105% of salaries. If a member leaves covered employment before accumulating five (5) years of credited service, accumulated member contributions to the retirement trust are refunded with interest upon the member's request.

At June 30, 2023, the District did not report a liability for its proportionate share of the net pension liability because the Commonwealth of Kentucky provides the pension support directly to TRS on behalf of the District:

Commonwealth's proportionate share of KTRS net pension liability associated with the District

\$ 46,041,279

#### **NOTE 11 – PENSION PLANS, continued**

The total pension liability was rolled forward from the actuarial valuation date of June 30, 2021 to the plan's fiscal year ended June 30, 2022, using generally accepted actuarial principles. The District's proportion of the net pension liability was based on the actual liability of the employees and former employees relative to the total liability of the System as determined by the actuary.

For the measurement period ended June 30, 2022, the District recognized pension expense of (\$1,679,299) and revenue of \$1,679,299 for support provided by the State in the government-wide statements.

Actuarial assumptions – The total pension liability in the June 30, 2020 actuarial valuation was determined using the following assumptions, applied to all periods included in the measurement:

Inflation rate 2.50%

Investment rate of return 7.10%, net of pension plan investment expense, including inflation

Projected salary increases 3.00 - 7.50%

Municipal bond index rate 2.13% Single equivalent interest rate 7.10%

Mortality rates were based on the PUB2010 (Teachers Benefit-Weighted) Mortality Table projected generationally with MP-2020 with various set-forwards, setbacks and adjustments for each of the groups: service retirees, contingent annuitants, disabled retirees and active members. The actuarial assumptions used were based on the results of an actuarial experience study for the 5-year period ending June 30, 2020, adopted by the TRS Board on September 20, 2021. The Municipal Bond Index Rate used for this purpose is the June average of the Bond Buyer General Obligation 20-year Municipal Bond Index.

Long-term rate of return – The long-term expected rate of return on plan investments was determined using a log-normal distribution analysis in which best-estimate ranges of expected future real rates of return (expected returns, net of pension plan investment expense and inflation) are developed for each major asset class. These ranges are combined to produce the long-term expected rate of return by weighting the expected future real rates of return by the target asset allocation percentage and by adding expected inflation.

#### NOTE 11 - PENSION PLANS, continued

The target allocation and best estimates of arithmetic real rates of return for each major asset class, as provided by KTRS's investment consultant, are summarized in the following table:

	Target	Real Rate of Return
Asset Class	Allocation	Real Rate of Return
US equity	40.00%	8.90%
International equity	22.00%	10.70%
Fixed income	15.00%	-0.10%
Additional categories	7.00%	3.90%
Real estate	7.00%	4.00%
Private equity	7.00%	6.90%
Cash	2.00%	-0.03%
Total	100.0%	

Discount rate – The discount rate used to measure the total pension liability was 7.10%. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed that plan member contributions will be made at the current contribution rates and the employer contributions will be made at the actuarially determined contribution rates for all fiscal years in the future. Based on those assumptions, the pension plan's fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments of current plan members. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the total pension liability.

*Pension plan fiduciary net position* – Detailed information about the pension plan's fiduciary net position is available in the separately issued financial reports of KTRS.

#### NOTE 12 – OTHER POSTEMPLOYMENT BENEFITS OTHER THAN PENSIONS (OPEB)

### General Information about the County Employees Retirement System Non-Hazardous (CERS) OPEB Plan

Plan description – The Kentucky Public Pensions Authority (KPPA) Insurance Fund was established to provide hospital and medical insurance for eligible members receiving benefits from KERS and CERS. Although the assets of the systems are invested as a whole, each system's assets are used only for the payment of benefits to the members of that plan and the administrative costs incurred by those receiving an insurance benefit.

Benefits provided – The CERS Non-hazardous Insurance Fund is a cost-sharing multiple-employer defined benefit Other Post-Employment Benefits (OPEB) plan that covers substantially all regular full-time members employed in positions of each participating county, city and school board and any additional eligible local agencies electing to participate in the System. The plan provides for health insurance benefits to plan members. OPEB may be extended to beneficiaries of plan members under certain circumstances.

#### NOTE 12 - OTHER POSTEMPLOYMENT BENEFITS OTHER THAN PENSIONS (OPEB), continued

Implicit subsidy – KPPA pays fully insured premiums for the Kentucky Health Plan. The premiums are blended rates based on the combined experience of active and retired members. Because the average cost of providing healthcare benefits to retirees under age 65 is higher than the average cost of providing healthcare benefits to active employees, there is an implicit employer subsidy for the non-Medicare eligible retirees. GASB 74 requires that the liability associated with this implicit subsidy be included in the calculation of the total OPEB liability.

Contributions – The Commonwealth is required to contribute at an actuarially determined rate for KERS. Participating employers are required to contribute at an actuarially determined rate for CERS pensions. Per Kentucky Revised Statute Sections KERS 61.565(3) and CERS 78.545(33), normal contribution and past service contribution rates shall be determined by the Board on the basis of the last annual valuation preceding July 1 of a new biennium. The Board may amend contribution rates as of the first day of July of the second year of a biennium, if it is determined on the basis of a subsequent actuarial valuation that amended contribution rates are necessary to satisfy requirements determined in accordance with actuarial bases adopted by the Board. However, formal commitment to provide the contributions by the employer is made through the biennial budget for KERS. For the year ended June 30, 2023, required contribution was 3.39% of each employee's covered payroll. Contributions from the District to the CERS Insurance Fund for the year ended June 30, 2023 was \$118,676.

### OPEB Liabilities, OPEB Expense, Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to OPEB

At June 30, 2023, the District reported a liability of \$2,458,584 for its proportionate share of the net OPEB liability. The net OPEB liability was measured as of June 30, 2022, and the total OPEB liability used to calculate the net OPEB liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of June 30, 2021. The total OPEB liability was rolled forward from the valuation date to the plan's fiscal year end, June 30, 2022, using generally accepted actuarial principles. The District's proportion of the net OPEB liability was based on the District's share of contributions to the OPEB plan relative to the contributions of all participating employers, actuarially determined. At June 30, 2023, the District's proportion was 0.124579%.

For the measurement period ended June 30, 2022, the District recognized OPEB expense of \$377,954.

#### NOTE 12 - OTHER POSTEMPLOYMENT BENEFITS OTHER THAN PENSIONS (OPEB), continued

At June 30, 2023, the District reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB from the following sources:

	Deferred Outflows of Resources	Deferred Inflows of Resources
Differences between expected and actual		
experience	\$ 247,477	\$ 563,810
Changes of assumptions	388,842	320,404
Net difference between projected and actual		
earnings on pension plan investments	457,814	358,026
Changes in proportion and difference between District contributions and proportionate share		
of contributions	26,646	43,044
District contributions subsequent to the	,	,
measurement date	118,676	
	<b>.</b>	<b>*</b> 4 00 <b>=</b> 004
Total	\$1,239,455	\$1,285,284

For the year ended June 30, 2023, \$118,676 reported as deferred outflows of resources related to OPEB resulting from District contributions subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as a reduction of the net OPEB liability in the year ending June 30, 2024. Other amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB will be recognized in OPEB expense as follows:

Years	
Ending	
_June 30	
2023	\$ 469
2024	(10,436)
2025	(157,735)
2026	3,197
2027	=
Thereafter	-
	 _
Total	\$ (164,505)

#### NOTE 12 - OTHER POSTEMPLOYMENT BENEFITS OTHER THAN PENSIONS (OPEB), continued

#### Actuarial assumptions

The total OPEB liability, net OPEB liability and sensitivity information for the actuarial valuation as of June 30, 2021 were based on an actuarial valuation date of June 30, 2020. The total OPEB liability was rolled forward from the valuation date (June 30, 2020) to the plan's fiscal year ended June 30, 2021, using generally accepted actuarial principles. An actuarial experience study was conducted for the five-year period July 1, 2013 to June 30, 2018 and the Board adopted updated assumptions for first use in the June 30, 2020 actuarial valuation. The assumed increase in future healthcare costs, or trend assumption, is reviewed on an annual basis and was updated to better reflect more current expectations relating to anticipated future increases in the medical costs. There were no other material assumption changes.

#### NOTE 12 - OTHER POSTEMPLOYMENT BENEFITS OTHER THAN PENSIONS (OPEB), continued

Determined by the

Actuarial Valuation as of: June 30, 2020
Actuarial Cost Method Entry age normal

Asset Valuation Method 20% of the difference between the market value of assets and the

expected actuarial value of assets is recognized

Amortization Method Level percent of pay

Amortization Period 30-year closed period at June 30, 2019

Gains/losses incurring after 2019 will be amortized over separate

closed 20-year amortization bases

Payroll Growth Rate 2.00% Investment Rate of Return 6.25% Inflation 2.30%

Salary Increase 3.30% to 10.30%, varies by service

Mortality: System-specific mortality table based on mortality experience from

2013-2018, projected with the ultimate rates from MP-2014 mortality

improvement scale using a base year of 2019.

Healthcare Cost Trend

Rates (Pre-65) decreasing to an ultimate trend rate of 4.05% over a period of 14

years. The 2021 premiums were known at the time of the valuation

Initial trend starting at 6.40% at January 1, 2022 and gradually

Initial trend starting at 6.30% at January 1, 2023 and gradually

and were incorporated into the liability measurement.

Healthcare Cost Trend

Rates (Post-65) decreasing to an ultimate trend rate of 4.05% over a period of 13

years. The 2021 premiums were known at the time of the valuation and were incorporated into the liability measurement. Additionally, Humana provided "Not to Exceed" 2022 Medicare premiums, which were incorporated and resulted in an assumed 2.90% increase in

Medicare premiums at January 1, 2022.

Senate Bill 209 passed during the 2022 legislative session and increased the insurance dollar contribution for members hired on or after July 1, 2003 by \$5 for each year of service a member attains over certain thresholds, depending on a member's retirement eligibility requirement. This increase in the insurance dollar contribution does not increase by 1.5% annually and is only payable for non-Medicare retirees. Additionally, it is only payable when the member's applicable insurance fund is at least 90% funded. The increase is first payable January 1, 2023. Senate Bill 209 also allows members receiving the insurance dollar contribution to participate in a medical insurance reimbursement plan that would provide the reimbursement of premiums for health plans other than those administered by KPPA.

#### NOTE 12 - OTHER POSTEMPLOYMENT BENEFITS OTHER THAN PENSIONS (OPEB), continued

Long-term expected rate of return – The long-term expected return on plan assets was determined by using a building-block method in which best-estimated ranges of expected future real returns are developed for each asset class. The ranges are combined by weighting the expected future real rate of return by the target asset allocation percentage.

The target allocation and best estimates of arithmetic real rates of return for each major asset class are summarized in the following table:

Asset Class	Target Allocation	Long-term Expected Real Rate of Return
Public Equity	50.00%	4.45%
Private Equity	10.00%	10.15%
Core Bonds	10.00%	28.00%
High yield	10.00%	2.28%
Real estate	7.00%	3.67%
Real return	13.00%	4.07%
Cash	0.00%	-0.91%
Total	100.00%	

Discount rate – Single discount rates used to measure the total OPEB liability for the year ended June 30, 2022 was 5.70% for CERS Non-hazardous plans. The single discount rates are based on the expected rate of return on OPEB plan investments of 6.25%, and a municipal bond rate of 1.92%, as reported in Fidelity Index's "20-Year Municipal GO AA Index" as of June 30, 2021. Based on the stated assumptions and the projection of cash flows as of each fiscal year ending, each plan's fiduciary net position and future contributions were projected to be sufficient to finance the future benefit payments of the current plan members. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on insurance plan investments was applied to all periods of the projected benefit payments paid from the plan. However, the cost associated with the implicit employer subsidy was not included in the calculation of the plans' actuarial determined contributions, and any cost associated with the implicit subsidy will not be paid out of the plans' trusts. Therefore, the municipal bond rate was applied to future expected benefit payments associated with the implicit subsidy. The target asset allocation and best estimates of arithmetic real rates of return for each major asset class are summarized in the ACFR.

The projection of cash flows used to determine the single discount rate must include an assumption regarding future employer contributions made each year. Future contributions are projected assuming that each participating employer in each insurance plan contributes the actuarially determined employer contribution each future year calculated in accordance with the current funding policy, as most recently revised by House Bill 8, passed during the 2021 legislative session. The assumed future employer contributions reflect the provisions of House Bill 362 (passed during the 2018 legislative session) which limit the increases to the employer contribution rates to 12% over the prior fiscal year through June 30, 2028 for the CERS plans.

#### NOTE 12 - OTHER POSTEMPLOYMENT BENEFITS OTHER THAN PENSIONS (OPEB), continued

Sensitivity of the District's proportionate share of the net OPEB liability to changes in the discount rate – The following presents the District's proportionate share of the net OPEB liability, as well as what the District's proportionate share of the net OPEB liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1-percentage-point lower or 1-percentage-point higher than the current rate:

	Current						
		1% Decrease		Discount Rate		1% Increase	
		4.70%	5.70%			6.70%	
District's proportionate share							
of net OPEB liability	\$	3,286,734	\$	2,458,584	\$	1,773,979	

Sensitivity of the District's proportionate share of the net OPEB liability to changes in the healthcare cost trend rates – The following presents the District's proportionate share of the net OPEB liability, as well as what the District's proportionate share of the net OPEB liability would be if it were calculated using healthcare cost trend rates that are 1-percentage-point lower or 1-percentage-point higher than the current healthcare cost trend rates:

	Current Healthcare Cost					
	19	6 Decrease	Trend Rate		1% Increase	
District's proportionate share		_				_
of net OPEB liability	\$	1,827,902	\$	2,458,584	\$	3,215,913

*OPEB plan fiduciary net position* – Detailed information about the OPEB plan's fiduciary net position is available in the separately issued Kentucky Public Pensions Authority's Comprehensive Annual Financial Report on the KPPA website at <a href="https://www.kyret.ky.gov">www.kyret.ky.gov</a>.

Payable to the OPEB plan – At June 30, 2023, the District reported a payable of \$0 for the outstanding amount of contributions to the CERS OPEB plan required for the year ended June 30, 2023.

#### General Information about the Teachers' Retirement System of Kentucky (KTRS) OPEB Plan

Plan description – Teaching-certified employees of the Kentucky School District are provided OPEBs through the Teachers' Retirement System of the State of Kentucky (TRS)—a cost-sharing multiple-employer defined benefit OPEB plan with a special funding situation established to provide retirement annuity plan coverage for local school districts and other public educational agencies in the state. TRS was created by the 1938 General Assembly and is governed by Chapter 161 Section 220 through Chapter 161 Section 990 of the Kentucky Revised Statutes (KRS). TRS is a blended component unit of the Commonwealth of Kentucky and, therefore, is included in the Commonwealth's financial statements. TRS issues a publicly available financial report that can be obtained at <a href="https://trs.ky.gov/financial-reports-information">https://trs.ky.gov/financial-reports-information</a>.

#### NOTE 12 - OTHER POSTEMPLOYMENT BENEFITS OTHER THAN PENSIONS (OPEB), continued

The state reports a liability, deferred outflows of resources, deferred inflows of resources and expense as a result of its statutory requirement to contribute to the TRS Medical Insurance and Life Insurance Plans. The following information is about the TRS plans:

#### **Medical Insurance Plan**

Plan description – In addition to the OPEB benefits described above, Kentucky Revised Statute 161.675 requires TRS to provide postemployment healthcare benefits to eligible members and dependents. The TRS Medical Insurance benefit is a cost-sharing multiple employer defined benefit plan with a special funding situation. Changes made to the medical plan may be made by the TRS Board of Trustees, the Kentucky Department of Employee Insurance and the General Assembly.

Benefits provided – To be eligible for medical benefits, the member must have retired either for service or disability. The TRS Medical Insurance Fund offers coverage to members under the age of 65 through the Kentucky Employees Health Plan administered by the Kentucky Department of Employee Insurance. TRS retired members are given a supplement to be used for payment of their health insurance premium. The amount of the member's supplement is based on a contribution supplement table approved by the TRS Board of Trustees. The retired member pays premiums in excess of the monthly supplement. Once retired members and eligible spouses attain age 65 and are Medicare eligible, coverage is obtained through the TRS Medicare Eligible Health Plan.

Contributions – In order to fund the post-retirement healthcare benefit, seven and one-half percent (7.50%) of the gross annual payroll of members is contributed. Three and three-quarters percent (3.75%) is paid by member contributions, three quarters percent (.75%) from state appropriation and three percent (3.00%) from the employer. The state contributes the net cost of health insurance premiums for members who retired on or after July 1, 2010 who are in the non-Medicare eligible group. Also, the premiums collected from retirees as described in the plan description and investment interest help meet the medical expenses of the plan.

### OPEB Liabilities, OPEB Expense, Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to OPEB

At June 30, 2023, the District reported a liability of \$4,874,000 for its proportionate share of the net OPEB liability that reflected a reduction for state OPEB support provided to the District. The collective net OPEB liability was measured as of June 30, 2021, and the total OPEB liability used to calculate the net OPEB liability was based on a projection of the District's long-term share of contributions to the OPEB plan relative to the projected contributions of all participating employers, actuarially determined. At June 30, 2023, the District's proportion was 0.196325%.

The amounts recognized by the District as its proportionate share of the OPEB liability, the related State support, and the total portion of the net OPEB liability that was associated with the District were as follows:

#### NOTE 12 - OTHER POSTEMPLOYMENT BENEFITS OTHER THAN PENSIONS (OPEB), continued

District's proportionate share of net OPEB liability
State's proportionate share of net OPEB
liability associated with the District

1,601,000

Total
\$ 6,475,000

For the measurement period ended June 30, 2022, the District recognized OPEB expense of (\$131,000) and revenue of \$263,000 for support provided by the State. At June 30, 2023, the District reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB from the following

	Deferred	Deferred
	Outflows of	Inflows of
	Resources	Resources
Differences between expected and actual		
experience	\$ -	\$2,049,000
Changes of assumptions	990,000	-
Net difference between projected and actual		
earnings on pension plan investments	259,000	-
Changes in proportion and difference between		
District contributions and proportionate share		
of contributions	1,434,000	41,000
District contributions subsequent to the		•
measurement date	269,092	-
Total	\$2,952,092	\$2,090,000

Of the total amount reported as deferred outflows of resources related to OPEB, \$269,092 resulting from District contributions subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as a reduction of the net OPEB liability in the year ending June 30, 2024. Other amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB will be recognized in OPEB expense as follows:

Years		
Ending		
June 30		
2024	\$	(44,000)
2025		(25,000)
2026		7,000
2027		302,000
2028		252,000
Thereafter		101,000
Total	_\$_	593,000

#### NOTE 12 - OTHER POSTEMPLOYMENT BENEFITS OTHER THAN PENSIONS (OPEB), continued

Actuarial assumptions – The total KTRS OPEB liability in the June 30, 2020 actuarial valuation was determined using the following actuarial methods and assumptions, applied to all periods included in the measurement:

Inflation rate2.50%Real wage growth0.25%Wage inflation2.75%

Projected salary increases 3.00 - 7.50%, including inflation

Investment rate of return 7.10%, net of OPEB plan investment expense, including inflation

Municipal Bond Index Rate 3.37%

Healthcare cost trend rates

Under 65 7.00% for FYE 2022 decreasing to an ultimate rate of 4.50%

by FY 2032

Ages 65 and older 5.125% for FYE 2022 decreasing to an ultimate rate of 4.50%

by FY 2025

Medicare Part B premiums 6.97% for FYE 2022 with an ultimate rate of 4.50% by 2034

Mortality rates were based on the PUB2010 (Teachers Benefit-Weighted) Mortality Table projected generationally with MP-2020 with various set-forwards, setbacks and adjustments for each of the groups: service, retirees, contingent annuitants, disabled retirees and active members. The demographic actuarial assumptions for retirement, disability incidence, withdrawal, rates of plan participation and rates of plan election used in the June 30, 2020 valuation were based on the results of the most recent actuarial experience study for the system, which covered the five-year period ending June 30, 2020, adopted by the TRS board on September 20, 2021. The remaining actuarial assumptions used in the June 30, 2020 valuation of the health trust were based on a review of recent plan experience done concurrently with the June 30, 2020 valuation. The healthcare cost trend assumption was updated for the June 30, 2020 valuation and was shown as an assumption change in the TOL roll forward. The Municipal Bond Index Rate used for this purpose is the June average of the Bond Buyer General Obligation 20-year Municipal Bond Index published weekly by the Board of Governors of the Federal Reserve System.

The long-term expected rate of return on OPEB plan investments was determined using a log-normal distribution analysis in which best-estimate ranges of expected future real rates of return (expected returns, net of OPEB plan investment expense and inflation) are developed for each major asset class. These ranges are combined to produce the long-term expected rate of return by weighting the expected future real rates of return by the target asset allocation percentage and by adding expected inflation.

#### NOTE 12 - OTHER POSTEMPLOYMENT BENEFITS OTHER THAN PENSIONS (OPEB), continued

	Target	Long-term Expected
Asset Class	Allocation	Real Rate of Return
Global equity	58.00%	5.10%
Fixed income	9.00%	-0.10%
Real estate	6.50%	4.00%
Private equity	8.50%	6.90%
Other additional categories	17.00%	3.90%
Cash (LIBOR)	1.00%	-0.30%
Total	100.0%	

Discount rate – The discount rate used to measure the total OPEB liability was 7.10%. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate was performed in accordance with GASB 74. The projection's basis was an actuarial valuation performed as of June 30, 2020. Other assumptions are listed in the TRS CAFR and in the RSI. Based on those assumptions, the OPEB plan's fiduciary net position was not projected to be depleted.

Sensitivity of the District's proportionate share of the collective net OPEB liability to changes in the discount rate – The following presents the District's proportionate share of the net OPEB liability, as well as what the District's proportionate share of the net OPEB liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1-percentage-point lower or 1-percentage-point higher than the current rate:

	Current					
	1% Decrease Discount Rate					% Increase
		6.10%		7.10%		8.10%
District's proportionate share		_				
of net OPEB liability	\$	6,115,000	\$	4,874,000	\$	3,846,000

Sensitivity of the District's proportionate share of the collective net OPEB liability to changes in the healthcare cost trend rates – The following presents the District's proportionate share of the net OPEB liability, as well as what the District's proportionate share of the net OPEB liability would be if it were calculated using healthcare cost trend rates that are 1-percentage-point lower or 1-percentage-point higher than the current healthcare cost trend rates:

				Current			
			Hea	Healthcare Cost			
	1%	Decrease	Trend Rate		1% Increase		
District's proportionate share						_	
of net OPEB liability	\$	3,654,000	\$	4,874,000	\$	6,391,000	

#### NOTE 12 - OTHER POSTEMPLOYMENT BENEFITS OTHER THAN PENSIONS (OPEB), continued

*OPEB plan fiduciary net position* – Detailed information about the OPEB plan's fiduciary net position is available in the separately issued TRS financial report.

#### Life Insurance Plan

Plan description – TRS administers the life insurance plan as provided by Kentucky Revised Statute 161.655 to eligible active and retired members. The TRS Life Insurance benefit is a cost-sharing multiple employer defined benefit plan with a special funding situation. Changes made to the life insurance plan may be made by the TRS Board of Trustees and the General Assembly.

Benefits provided – TRS provides a life insurance benefit of \$5,000 payable for members who retire based on service or disability if hired prior to January 1, 2022. TRS provides a life insurance benefit of \$10,000 for its members who retire based on service or disability if hired on or after January 1, 2022. TRS provides a life insurance benefit of \$2,000 payable for its active contributing members if hired prior to January 1, 2022. TRS provides a life insurance benefit of \$5,000 payable for its active contributing members if hired on or after January 1, 2022. The life insurance benefit is payable upon the death of the member to the member's estate or to a party designated by the member.

Contributions – In order to fund the post-retirement life insurance benefit, three hundredths of one percent (.03%) of the gross annual payroll of members is contributed by the state.

### OPEB Liabilities, OPEB Expense, Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to OPEB

At June 30, 2023, the District did not report a liability for its proportionate share of the collective net OPEB liability for life insurance benefits because the State of Kentucky provides the OPEB support directly to TRS on behalf of the District. The amounts recognized by the District as its proportionate share of the OPEB liability, the related State support and the total portion of the net OPEB liability that was associated with the District were as follows:

District's proportionate share of net OPEB liability	\$	-
State's proportionate share of net OPEB		
liability associated with the District		80,000
	<u></u>	
Total	\$	80,000

For the measurement period ended June 30, 2023, the District recognized OPEB expense of \$0 and revenue of \$0 for support provided by the State in the government-wide financial statements.

#### NOTE 12 - OTHER POSTEMPLOYMENT BENEFITS OTHER THAN PENSIONS (OPEB), continued

Actuarial assumptions – The total OPEB liability in the June 30, 2020 actuarial valuation was determined using the following actuarial assumptions, applied to all periods included in the measurement:

Investment rate of return 7.10%, net of OPEB plan investment expense, including inflation

Projected salary increases 3.00 - 7.50%, including inflation

Inflation rate 2.50%
Real wage growth 0.25%
Wage inflation 2.75%
Municipal bond index rate 3.37%
Discount rate 7.10%

Single equivalent interest rate 7.10%, net of OPEB plan investment expense, including inflation

Mortality rates were based on the PUB2010 (Teachers Benefit-Weighted) Mortality Table projected generationally with various set-forwards, setbacks and adjustments for each of the groups: service, retirees, contingent annuitants, disabled retirees and active members. The demographic actuarial assumptions for retirement, disability incidence, withdrawal, rates of plan participation and rates of plan election used in the June 30, 2020 valuation were based on the results of the most recent actuarial experience studies for the System, which covered the five-year period ended June 30, 2020, adopted by the board on September 20, 2021. The Municipal Bond Index Rate used for this purpose is the June average of the Bond Buyer General Obligation 20-year Municipal Bond Index published weekly by the Board of Governors of the Federal Reserve System.

The long-term expected rate of return on OPEB plan investments was determined using a log-normal distribution analysis in which best-estimate ranges of expected future real rates of return (expected returns, net of OPEB plan investment expense and inflation) are developed for each major asset class. These ranges are combined to produce the long-term expected rate of return by weighting the expected future real rates of return by the target asset allocation percentage and by adding expected inflation.

#### NOTE 12 - OTHER POSTEMPLOYMENT BENEFITS OTHER THAN PENSIONS (OPEB), continued

The target allocation and best estimates of arithmetic real rates of return for each major asset class, as provided by TRS's investment consultant, are summarized in the following table:

	Target	Long-term Expected
Asset Class	Allocation	Real Rate of Return
US equity	40.00%	4.40%
International equity	23.00%	5.60%
Fixed income	18.00%	-0.10%
Real estate	6.00%	4.00%
Private equity	5.00%	6.90%
Other additional categories	6.00%	2.10%
Cash (LIBOR)	2.00%	-0.30%
Total	100.00%	

Discount rate – The discount rate used to measure the total OPEB liability for life insurance was 7.10%. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate was performed in accordance with GASB 74. The projection's basis was an actuarial valuation performed as of June 30, 2020. Other assumptions are listed in the TRS CAFR and in the RSI. Based on those assumptions, the LIF's fiduciary net position was not projected to be depleted.

*OPEB plan fiduciary net position* – Detailed information about the OPEB plan's fiduciary net position is available in the separately issued TRS financial report.

#### **NOTE 13 – CONTINGENCIES**

The District receives funding from federal, state and local government agencies and private contributions. These funds are to be used for designated purposes only. For government agency grants, if based on the grantor's review, the funds are considered not to have been used for the intended purpose, the grantor may request a refund of monies advanced or refuse to reimburse the District for its disbursements. The amount of such future refunds and unreimbursed disbursements, if any, is not expected to be significant. Continuation of the District's grant programs is predicated upon the grantors' satisfaction that the funds provided are being spent as intended and the grantors' intent to continue their programs.

In addition, the District operates in a heavily regulated environment. The operations of the District are subject to the administrative directives, rules and regulations of federal and state regulatory agencies, including, but not limited to, the U.S. Department of Education and the Kentucky Department of Education. Such administrative directives, rules and regulations are subject to change by an act of Congress or the Kentucky Legislature or an administrative change mandated by the Kentucky Department of Education. Such changes may occur with little or inadequate funding to pay for the related cost, including the additional administrative burden to comply with a change.

#### **NOTE 14 - INSURANCE AND RELATED ACTIVITIES**

The District is exposed to various forms of loss of assets associated with the risks of fire, personal liability, theft, vehicular accidents, errors and omissions, fiduciary responsibility, etc. Each of these risk areas is covered through the purchase of commercial insurance. The District has purchased certain policies which are retrospectively rated including workers' compensation insurance.

#### **NOTE 15 – RISK MANAGEMENT AND LITIGATION**

The District is exposed to various risks of loss related to torts; theft of, damage to and destruction of assets; errors and omissions; injuries to employees; and natural disasters. To obtain insurance for workers' compensation, errors and omissions and general liability coverage, the District purchases commercial insurance.

The District purchases unemployment insurance through the Kentucky School Boards' Association; however, risk has not been transferred. In addition, the District continues to carry commercial insurance for all other risks of loss. Settled claims resulting from these risks have not exceeded commercial insurance coverage in any of the past three fiscal years.

From time to time, the District is party to various pending claims and legal proceedings. Although the outcome of such matters cannot be forecasted with certainty, it is the opinion of management and legal counsel that the likelihood is remote that any such claims or proceedings will have a material adverse effect on the District's financial statements.

#### **NOTE 16 - COBRA**

Under COBRA, employers are mandated to notify terminated employees of available continuing insurance coverage. Failure to comply with this requirement may put the school district at risk for a substantial loss.

The District has notified all terminated employees of available continuing insurance coverage as mandated by COBRA.

#### **NOTE 17 – INTERFUND RECEIVABLES AND PAYABLES**

The General Fund extends short-term cash flow loans to funds outside the General Fund that receive funding on a reimbursement basis. Repayment is expected when available cash is in excess of that needed for operations.

	I	nterfund	Interfund				
	Re	ceivables	Payables				
General Fund	\$	860,358	\$	-			
Special Revenue		-		860,358			

#### NOTE 18 – RECENT ACCOUNTING PRONOUNCEMENTS

In May 2020, the GASB issued Statement 96, Subscription-Based Information Technology Arrangements. GASB 96 provides guidance on the accounting and financial reporting for subscription-based information technology arrangements (SBITAs) for government end users (governments). This Statement (1) defines a SBITA; (2) establishes that a SBITA results in a right-to-use subscription asset – an intangible asset – and a corresponding subscription liability; (3) provides the capitalization criteria for outlays other than subscription payments, including implementation costs of a SBITA; and (4) requires note disclosures regarding a SBITA. The requirements of this Statement took effect for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2023. Based on the SBITA amounts obtained, the total present value was below the materiality level and no amounts were recorded in the financial statements.

In June 2022, the GASB issued Statement 100, Accounting Changes and Error Corrections – An Amendment of GASB Statement No. 62. GASB 100 prescribes the accounting and financial reporting for (1) each type of accounting change and (2) error corrections. This Statement requires that (a) changes in accounting principles and error corrections be reported retroactively by restating prior periods, (b) changes to or within the financial reporting entity be reported by adjusting beginning balances of the current period, and (c) changes in accounting estimates be reported prospectively by recognizing the change in the current period. The requirements of this Statement are effective for accounting changes and error corrections made in fiscal years beginning after June 15, 2023.

In June 2022, the GASB issued Statement 101, *Compensated Absences*. GASB 101 requires that liabilities for compensated absences be recognized for (1) leave that has not been used and (2) leave that has been used but not yet paid in cash or settled through noncash means. The requirements of this Statement are effective for fiscal years beginning after December 15, 2023.



# WEBSTER COUNTY SCHOOL DISTRICT SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE BUDGET AND ACTUAL – GENERAL FUND FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2023

	Budgeted	d Amount		Variance with Final Budget
	Original	Final	Actual	Favorable (Unfavorable)
REVENUES From local sources	Original	T IIIai	Actual	(Omavorable)
Taxes Property Motor vehicle Utilities	\$ 3,246,472 502,952	\$ 3,246,472 502,952	\$ 3,323,061 710,037	\$ 76,589 207,085
Other Earnings on investments	798,991 30,284 15,000	798,991 30,284 15,000	850,689 7,099 197,447	51,698 (23,185) 182,447
Other local revenues Intergovernmental - state Intergovernmental - federal	22,780 10,150,603 37,500	22,780 10,150,603 37,500	85,495 10,294,347 75,563	62,715 143,744 38,063
Total revenues	14,804,582	14,804,582	15,543,738	739,156
EXPENDITURES Current				
Instruction Support services	7,793,934	7,793,934	7,234,365	559,569
Student Instructional staff	1,186,897 639,566	1,186,897 639,566	1,100,722 488,919	86,175 150,647
District administration School administration	753,835 1,235,748	753,835 1,235,748	829,932 1,200,653	(76,097) 35,095
Business Plant operations and maintenance Student transportation	416,418 2,305,413 1,342,688	416,418 2,305,413 1,342,688	477,268 2,447,009 1,294,366	(60,850) (141,596) 48,322
Community service activities Contingency	1,342,000 50 1,485,177	1,342,000 50 1,485,177		50 1,485,177
Total expenditures	17,159,726	17,159,726	15,073,234	2,086,492
Excess (deficit) of revenues over (under) expenditures	(2,355,144)	(2,355,144)	470,504	2,825,648
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES) Proceeds from sale of fixed assets	<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>	7,366	7,366
Transfers in Transfers (out)	100,000 (145,780)	100,000 (145,780)	100,000 (197,045)	(51,265)
Total other financing sources (uses)	(45,780)	(45,780)	(89,679)	(43,899)
Net change in fund balance	(2,400,924)	(2,400,924)	380,825	2,781,749
Fund balance, beginning of year	2,400,924	2,400,924	3,524,318	1,123,394
Fund balance, end of year	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 3,905,143	\$ 3,905,143

# WEBSTER COUNTY SCHOOL DISTRICT SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE BUDGET AND ACTUAL – SPECIAL REVENUE FUND FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2023

	Budgete	d Amount		Variance with Final Budget	
REVENUES	Original	Final	Actual	Favorable (Unfavorable)	
From local sources				(01111111111111111111111111111111111111	
Other local revenues	\$ 6,000	\$ 6,000	\$ 19,027	\$ 13,027	
Intergovernmental - state	1,076,107	1,076,107	859,257	(216,850)	
Intergovernmental - federal	2,409,449	2,407,057	5,416,105	3,009,048	
Total revenues	3,491,556	3,489,164	6,294,389	2,805,225	
EXPENDITURES					
Current					
Instruction	1,729,994	1,761,404	2,529,495	(768,091)	
Support services				/·\	
Student	60,210	63,210	98,785	(35,575)	
Instructional staff	1,310,373	1,329,430	1,413,362	(83,932)	
Business	100	100	-	100	
Plant operations and maintenance	10,711	10,711	56,596	(45,885)	
Student transportation	4,750	4,462	189,080	(184,618)	
Community service activities	380,780	380,780	385,234	(4,454)	
Total expenditures	3,496,918	3,550,097	4,672,552	(1,122,455)	
Excess (deficit) of revenues					
over (under) expenditures	(5,362)	(60,933)	1,621,837	1,682,770	
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)					
Transfers in	45,362	45,362	46,858	1,496	
Transfers (out)	(40,000)	(40,000)	(1,668,695)	(1,628,695)	
Total other financing sources (uses)	5,362	5,362	(1,621,837)	(1,627,199)	
Net change in fund balance	-	(55,571)	-	55,571	
Fund balance, beginning of year			(100)	(100)	
Fund balance, end of year	\$ -	\$ (55,571)	\$ (100)	\$ 55,471	

### WEBSTER COUNTY SCHOOL DISTRICT NOTE TO REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION – BUDGET TO ACTUAL JUNE 30, 2023

#### **NOTE 1 – BUDGETARY INFORMATION**

The District's budgetary process accounts for certain transactions on a basis other than Generally Accepted Accounting Principles (GAAP). The major differences between the budgetary accounting method and GAAP are:

Revenues are recorded when received in cash (budgetary) as opposed to when susceptible to accrual (GAAP).

Expenditures are recorded when paid in cash (budgetary) as opposed to when susceptible to accrual (GAAP).

In accordance with state law, the District prepares a general school budget based upon the amount of revenue to be raised by local taxation, including the rate of levy and from estimates of other Local, State and Federal revenues. The budget contains estimated expenditures for current expenses, debt service, capital outlay and other necessary expenses. The budget must be approved by the Board.

The District must formally and publicly examine estimated revenues and expenditures for the subsequent fiscal year by January 31 of each calendar year.

The District must prepare an annual allocation to schools by March 1 of each year for the following fiscal year. This allocation must include the amount for certified and classified staff based on the District's staffing policy and the amount for instructional supplies, materials, travel and equipment.

The District must adopt a tentative working budget for the subsequent fiscal year by May 30 of each year. This budget must contain a minimum 2.00% contingency.

Finally, the District must adopt a final working budget and submit it to the Kentucky Department of Education by September 30 of the current fiscal year.

The Board has the ability to amend the working budget. The working budget was amended during the year.

#### **Reconciliation to the General Fund**

Revenues - budgetary basis On-behalf payments	\$ 15,543,738 6,955,047
Total revenues - modified cash basis	\$ 22,498,785
Expenditures - budgetary basis On-behalf payments	\$ 15,073,234 6,955,047
Total expenditures - modified cash basis	\$ 22,028,281

## WEBSTER COUNTY SCHOOL DISTRICT SCHEDULE OF PROPORTIONATE SHARE OF NET PENSION LIABILITY COUNTY EMPLOYEES RETIREMENT SYSTEM (CERS)

As of June 30	2023	2022	2021	2020	2019	2018	2017	2016	2015
District's proportion of net pension liability	0.124582%	0.126650%	0.126343%	0.123210%	0.122555%	0.119764%	0.120630%	0.113760%	0.119530%
District's proportionate share of net pension liability	\$ 9,006,050	\$ 8,074,931	\$ 9,690,404	\$ 8,665,414	\$ 7,463,973	\$ 7,010,155	\$ 5,939,134	\$ 4,891,090	\$ 3,964,600
District's covered-employee payroll	\$ 3,465,202	\$ 3,279,958	\$ 3,237,390	\$ 3,097,734	\$ 3,051,541	\$ 2,915,437	\$ 2,845,728	\$ 2,671,990	\$ 2,733,755
District's proportionate share of net pension liability as a percentage of its covered-employee payroll	259.90%	246.19%	299.33%	279.73%	244.60%	240.45%	208.70%	183.05%	145.02%
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of total pension liability	52.42%	57.33%	47.81%	50.45%	54.54%	53.30%	55.50%	59.97%	66.80%

Note: Information prior to 2015 was unavailable. Schedule is intended to show information for 10 years. Additional years will be displayed as they become available.

Amounts presented for each fiscal year were determined as of the District's measurement date which is the prior year's end.

## WEBSTER COUNTY SCHOOL DISTRICT SCHEDULE OF DISTRICT'S CONTRIBUTIONS – PENSION COUNTY EMPLOYEES RETIREMENT SYSTEM (CERS)

For the year ended June 30	2023	2022	2021	2020	2019	2018	2017	2016	2015
Contractually required contribution	\$ 819,182	\$ 733,583	\$ 633,032	\$ 624,816	\$ 502,453	\$ 441,863	\$ 544,604	\$ 485,482	\$ 472,141
Contributions in relation to the contractually required contribution	819,182	733,583	633,032	624,816	502,453	441,863	544,604	485,482	472,141
Contribution deficiency (excess)	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -
District's covered-employee payroll	\$ 3,500,777	\$ 3,465,202	\$ 3,279,958	\$ 3,237,390	\$ 3,097,734	\$ 3,051,541	\$ 2,915,437	\$ 2,845,728	\$ 2,671,990
Contributions as a percentage of covered-employee payroll	23.40%	21.17%	19.30%	19.30%	16.22%	14.48%	13.95%	12.42%	12.75%

Note: Information prior to 2015 was unavailable. Schedule is intended to show information for 10 years. Additional years will be displayed as they become available.

### WEBSTER COUNTY SCHOOL DISTRICT NOTES TO REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION – PENSION COUNTY EMPLOYEES RETIREMENT SYSTEM (CERS)

#### Changes in benefit terms

The following changes were made by the Kentucky Legislature and reflected in the valuation performed as of June 30 listed below:

2022: No changes in benefit terms.

2021: No changes in benefit terms.

2020: No changes in benefit terms.

2019: No changes in benefit terms.

2018: No changes in benefit terms.

2017: No changes in benefit terms.

2016: No changes in benefit terms.

2015: No changes in benefit terms.

#### Changes in assumptions

The following changes were made by the Kentucky Legislature and reflected in the valuation performed as of June 30 listed below:

2022: No changes.

2021: During the 2021 legislative session, Senate Bill 169 was enacted which increased disability benefits for certain qualifying members who became "totally and permanently disabled" in the line of duty or as a result of a duty-related disability. The total pension liability as of June 30, 2021 is determined using these updated benefit provisions.

2020: During the legislative session, Senate Bill 249 was enacted which changed the funding period for the amortization of the unfunded liability to 30 years as of June 30, 2019. Gains and losses incurring in future years will be amortized over separate 20-year amortization bases. This change does not affect the calculation of Total Pension Liability and only affects the calculation of the contribution rates that would be payable starting July 1, 2020. Additionally, House Bill 271 was enacted with removed provisions that reduce the monthly payment to a surviving spouse of a member whose death was due to a duty-related injury upon remarriage of the spouse. It also increased benefits for a very small number of beneficiaries. This did not have a material (or measurable) impact on the liability of the plans and therefore, no adjustment was made to the total pension liability to reflect this legislation.

2019: There have been no changes in plan provisions since June 30, 2018. However, the Board of Trustees has adopted new actuarial assumptions since June 30, 2018. These assumptions are documented in the report titled "Kentucky Retirement Systems 2018 Actuarial Experience Study for the Period Ending June 30, 2018". The total pension liability as of June 30, 2019 is determined using these updated assumptions.

### WEBSTER COUNTY SCHOOL DISTRICT NOTES TO REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION – PENSION COUNTY EMPLOYEES RETIREMENT SYSTEM (CERS)

#### Changes in assumptions, continued

2018: During the 2018 legislative session, House Bill 185 was enacted, which updated the benefit provisions for active members who die in the line of duty. Benefits paid to the spouses of deceased members have been increased from 25% of the member's final rate of pay to 75% of the member's average pay. If the member does not have a surviving spouse, benefits paid to surviving dependent children have been increased from 10% of the member's final pay rate to 50% of average pay for one child, 65% of average pay for two children, or 75% of average pay for three children. The total pension liability as of June 30, 2018 is determined using these updated benefit provisions.

2017: There was no legislation enacted during the 2017 legislative session that had a material change in benefit provisions for CERS. However, subsequent to the actual valuation date (June 30, 2016), but prior to the measurement date (June 30, 2017), the KRS Board of Trustees adopted updated actuarial assumptions which will be used in performing the actuarial valuation as of June 30, 2017. Specifically, the total pension liability as of June 30, 2017 is determined using a 2.30% price inflation assumption for the non-hazardous system and the assumed rate of return is 6.25% for the non-hazardous system.

2016: There was no legislation enacted during the 2017 legislative session that had a material change in benefit provisions for CERS. However, subsequent to the actual valuation date (June 30, 2016), but prior to the measurement date (June 30, 2017), the KRS Board of Trustees adopted updated actuarial assumptions which will be used in performing the actuarial valuation as of June 30, 2017. Specifically, the total pension liability as of June 30, 2017 is determined using a 2.30% price inflation assumption for the non-hazardous system and the assumed rate of return is 6.25% for the non-hazardous system.

2015: No changes in assumptions.

## WEBSTER COUNTY SCHOOL DISTRICT SCHEDULE OF PROPORTIONATE SHARE OF NET PENSION LIABILITY KENTUCKY TEACHERS' RETIREMENT SYSTEMS (KTRS)

As of June 30	2023	2022	2021	2020	2019	2018	2017	2016	2015
District's proportion of net pension liability	0.000000%	0.000000%	0.000000%	0.000000%	0.000000%	0.000000%	0.000000%	0.000000%	0.000000%
District's proportionate share of net pension liability	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -
State's proportionate share of net pension liability	\$ 46,041,279	\$ 35,934,370	\$ 38,095,231	\$ 37,140,226	\$ 35,507,401	\$ 72,432,356	\$ 79,598,961	\$ 62,295,529	\$ 56,319,829
District's covered-employee payroll	\$ 9,856,031	\$ 9,451,064	\$ 9,122,924	\$ 9,103,181	\$ 8,935,838	\$ 8,679,401	\$ 8,698,096	\$ 8,473,221	\$ 8,590,602
District's proportionate share of net pension liability as a percentage of its covered-employee payroll	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of total pension liability	56.41%	65.59%	58.27%	58.76%	59.30%	39.83%	35.22%	42.49%	45.59%

Note: Information prior to 2015 was unavailable. Schedule is intended to show information for 10 years. Additional years will be displayed as they become available.

Amounts presented for each fiscal year were determined as of the District's measurement date which is the prior year's end.

#### WEBSTER COUNTY SCHOOL DISTRICT SCHEDULE OF DISTRICT'S CONTRIBUTIONS – PENSION KENTUCKY TEACHERS' RETIREMENT SYSTEMS (KTRS)

For the year ended June 30	2023	2022	2021	2020	2019	2018	2017	2016	2015
Contractually required contribution	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -
Contributions in relation to the contractually required contribution		. <u>-</u>	. <del></del>	. <u> </u>	<u> </u>	<del>-</del>	<u> </u>	<u> </u>	
Contribution deficiency	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	<u>\$ -</u>	\$ -
District's covered-employee payroll	\$ 10,030,867	\$ 9,856,031	\$ 9,475,105	\$ 9,122,924	\$ 9,103,181	\$ 8,935,838	\$ 8,679,401	\$ 8,698,096	\$ 8,473,221
Contributions as a percentage of covered-employee payroll	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%

Note: Information prior to 2015 was unavailable. Schedule is intended to show information for 10 years. Additional years will be displayed as they become available.

### WEBSTER COUNTY SCHOOL DISTRICT NOTES TO REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION – PENSION KENTUCKY TEACHERS' RETIREMENT SYSTEMS (KTRS)

#### Changes in benefit terms

2022: A new benefit tier was added for members joining the System on and after January 1, 2022.

#### Changes in assumptions

2022: No changes in assumptions

In the 2020 experience study, rates of withdrawal, retirement, disability, mortality and rates of salary increases were adjusted to reflect actual experience more closely. The expectation of mortality was changed to the PUB2010 Mortality Tables (Teachers Benefit-Weighted) projected generationally with MP-2020 with various set-forwards, setbacks and adjustments for each of the groups; service retirees, contingent annuitants, disabled retirees and actives. The assumed long-term investment rate of return was changed from 7.50% to 7.10% and the price inflation assumption was lowered from 3.00% to 2.50%. In addition, the calculation of the Single Equivalent Interest Rate (SEIR) results in an assumption change from 7.50% to 7.10%.

2019: No changes in assumptions

2018: The calculation of the Single Equivalent Interest Rate (SEIR) resulted in an assumptions change from 4.49% to 7.50%

2017: The calculation of the Single Equivalent Interest Rate (SEIR) resulted in an assumption change from 4.20% to 4.49%

In the 2016 valuation, rates of withdrawal, retirement, disability and mortality were adjusted to more closely reflect actual experience. In the 2016 valuation, the Assumed Salary Scale, Price Inflation, and Wage Inflation were adjusted to reflect a decrease. In addition, the calculation of the Single Equivalent Interest Rate (SEIR) resulted in an assumption change from 4.88% to 4.20%.

2015: The calculation of the Single Equivalent Interest Rate (SEIR) resulted in an assumption change from 5.23% to 4.88%

2014: The calculation of the Single Equivalent Interest Rate (SEIR) resulted in an assumption change from 5.16% to 5.23%

## WEBSTER COUNTY SCHOOL DISTRICT SCHEDULE OF PROPORTIONATE SHARE OF COLLECTIVE NET OPEB LIABILITY COUNTY EMPLOYEES RETIREMENT SYSTEM (CERS)

As of June 30	2023	2022	2021	2020	2019	2018
District's proportion of collective net OPEB liability	0.124579%	0.126620%	0.126319%	0.123209%	0.122550%	0.011976%
District's proportionate share of collective net OPEB liability	\$ 2,458,584	\$ 2,424,077	\$ 3,050,220	\$ 2,072,320	\$ 2,175,851	\$ 2,407,666
District's covered-employee payroll	\$ 3,465,202	\$ 3,279,958	\$ 3,237,390	\$ 3,097,734	\$ 3,051,541	\$ 2,915,437
District's proportionate share of collective net OPEB liability as a percentage of its covered-employee payroll	70.95%	73.91%	94.22%	66.90%	71.30%	82.58%
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of total OPEB liability	60.95%	62.91%	51.67%	60.44%	52.62%	52.40%

Note: Information prior to 2018 was unavailable. Schedule is intended to show information for 10 years. Additional years will be displayed as they become available.

Amounts presented for each fiscal year were determined as of the District's measurement date which is the prior year's end.

#### WEBSTER COUNTY SCHOOL DISTRICT SCHEDULE OF DISTRICT'S CONTRIBUTIONS – OPEB COUNTY EMPLOYEES RETIREMENT SYSTEM (CERS)

For the year ended June 30	2023	2022	2021	2020	2019	2018
Contractually required contribution	\$ 118,676	\$ 200,289	\$ 156,126	\$ 154,100	\$ 162,941	\$ 143,421
Contributions in relation to the contractually required contribution	118,676	200,289	156,126	154,100	162,941	143,421
Contribution deficiency (excess)	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -
District's covered-employee payroll	\$ 3,500,777	\$ 3,465,202	\$ 3,279,958	\$ 3,237,390	\$ 3,097,734	\$ 3,051,541
Contributions as a percentage of covered-employee payroll	3.39%	5.78%	4.76%	4.76%	5.26%	4.70%

Note: Information prior to 2018 was unavailable. Schedule is intended to show information for 10 years. Additional years will be displayed as they become available.

### WEBSTER COUNTY SCHOOL DISTRICT NOTES TO REQUIRED SUPPLMENTARY INFORMATION – OPEB COUNTY EMPLOYEES RETIREMENT SYSTEM (CERS)

#### Changes in benefit terms

2022: No changes in benefit terms

2021: No changes of benefit terms

2020: No changes of benefit terms

2019: No changes of benefit terms

2018: No changes of benefit terms (other than the blended discount rate used to calculate the total OPEB liability)

#### Changes in assumptions

2022: The initial healthcare trend rate for pre-65 was changed from 6.30% to 6.20%. The initial healthcare trend rate for post-65 was changed from 6.30% to 9.00%.

2021: The single discount rates used to calculate the total OPEB liability within the plan changed since the prior year. Additional information regarding the single discount rates is provided in Note 12 of the financial statements. During the 2021 legislative session, Senate Bill 169 was enacted which increased disability benefits for certain qualifying members who become "totally and permanently disabled" in the line of duty or as a result of a duty-related disability. The total OPEB liability as of June 30, 2021 is determined using these updated benefit provisions.

2020: During the 2020 legislative session, Senate Bill 249 was enacted which changed the funding period for the amortization of the unfunded liability to 30 years as of June 30, 2019. Gains and losses incurring in future years will be amortized over separate 20-year amortization bases. This change does not impact the calculation of Total Pension Liability and only impacts the calculation of the contribution rates that would be payable starting July 1, 2020.

2019: There have been no changes in plan provisions since June 30, 2018. However, the Board of Trustees has adopted new actuarial assumptions since June 30, 2018. These assumptions are documented in the report titled "Kentucky Retirement Systems 2018 Actuarial Experience Study for the Period Ending June 30, 2018". The Total OPEB liability as of June 30, 2019 is determined using these updated assumptions.

2018: During the 2018 legislative session, House Bill 185 was enacted, which updated the benefit provisions for active members who die in the line of duty. The system shall now pay 100% of the insurance premium for spouses and children of all active members who die in the line of duty. The total OPEB liability as of June 30, 2018 is determined using the updated benefit provisions

#### WEBSTER COUNTY SCHOOL DISTRICT SCHEDULE OF PROPORTIONATE SHARE OF COLLECTIVE NET OPEB LIABILITY KENTUCKY TEACHERS' RETIREMENT SYSTEM (KTRS) – MEDICAL INSURANCE FUND

As of June 30	2023	2022	2021	2020	2019	2018
District's proportion of collective net OPEB liability	0.196325%	0.147196%	0.145170%	0.145170%	0.140247%	0.141923%
District's proportionate share of collective net OPEB liability	\$ 4,874,000	\$ 3,158,000	\$ 3,633,000	\$ 4,249,000	\$ 4,866,000	\$ 5,061,000
State's proportionate share of collective net OPEB liability	\$ 1,601,000	\$ 2,565,000	\$ 2,910,000	\$ 3,431,000	\$ 4,194,000	\$ 4,134,000
District's covered-employee payroll	\$ 8,679,754	\$ 8,708,697	\$ 8,473,589	\$ 8,425,944	\$ 8,327,383	\$ 7,960,182
District's proportionate share of collective net OPEB liability as a percentage of its covered-employee payroll	74.60%	65.72%	42.87%	50.43%	58.43%	63.58%
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of total OPEB liability	47.75%	51.74%	39.05%	32.58%	25.50%	21.18%

Note: Information prior to 2018 was unavailable. Schedule is intended to show information for 10 years. Additional years will be displayed as they become available.

Amounts presented for each fiscal year were determined as of the District's measurement date which is the prior year's end.

## WEBSTER COUNTY SCHOOL DISTRICT SCHEDULE OF DISTRICT'S CONTRIBUTIONS KENTUCKY TEACHERS' RETIREMENT SYSTEM (KTRS) – MEDICAL INSURANCE FUND

For the year ended June 30	2023	2022	2021	2020	2019	2018
Contractually required contribution	\$ 269,092	\$ 260,211	\$ 261,263	\$ 254,210	\$ 252,832	\$ 249,824
Contributions in relation to the contractually required contribution	269,092	260,211	261,263	254,210	252,832	249,824
Contribution deficiency (excess)	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -
District's covered-employee payroll	\$ 8,972,533	\$ 8,679,754	\$ 8,708,697	\$ 8,473,589	\$ 8,425,944	\$ 8,327,383
Contributions as a percentage of covered-employee payroll	3.00%	3.00%	3.00%	3.00%	3.00%	3.00%

Note: Information prior to 2018 was unavailable. Schedule is intended to show information for 10 years. Additional years will be displayed as they become available.

#### WEBSTER COUNTY SCHOOL DISTRICT SCHEDULE OF PROPORTIONATE SHARE OF COLLECTIVE NET OPEB LIABILITY KENTUCKY TEACHERS' RETIREMENT SYSTEM (KTRS) – LIFE INSURANCE FUND

As of June 30	2023	2022	2021	2020	2019	2018
District's proportion of collective net OPEB liability	0.000000%	0.000000%	0.000000%	0.000000%	0.000000%	0.000000%
District's proportionate share of collective net OPEB liability	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -
State's proportionate share of collective net OPEB liability	\$ 80,000	\$ 34,000	\$ 88,000	\$ 80,000	\$ 72,000	\$ 55,000
District's covered-employee payroll	\$ 8,679,754	\$ 8,708,697	\$ 8,473,589	\$ 8,425,944	\$ 8,327,383	\$ 7,960,182
District's proportionate share of collective net OPEB liability as a percentage of its covered-employee payroll	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of total OPEB liability	73.97%	89.15%	71.57%	73.40%	75.00%	79.99%

Note: Information prior to 2018 was unavailable. Schedule is intended to show information for 10 years. Additional years will be displayed as they become available.

Amounts presented for each fiscal year were determined as of the District's measurement date which is the prior year's end.

## WEBSTER COUNTY SCHOOL DISTRICT SCHEDULE OF DISTRICT'S CONTRIBUTIONS KENTUCKY TEACHERS' RETIREMENT SYSTEM (KTRS) – LIFE INSURANCE FUND

For the year ended June 30	2023	2022	2021	2020	2019	2018
Contractually required contribution	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -
Contributions in relation to the contractually required contribution						
Contribution deficiency (excess)	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -
District's covered-employee payroll	\$ 8,972,533	\$ 8,679,754	\$ 8,708,697	\$ 8,473,589	\$ 8,425,944	\$ 8,327,383
Contributions as a percentage of covered-employee payroll	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%

Note: Information prior to 2018 was unavailable. Schedule is intended to show information for 10 years. Additional years will be displayed as they become available.

### WEBSTER COUNTY SCHOOL DISTRICT NOTES TO REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION – OPEB KENTUCKY TEACHERS' RETIREMENT SYSTEM (KTRS)

#### Medical Insurance Fund

#### Changes in benefit terms

2022: A new benefit term was added for members joining the System on and after January 1, 2022.

2021: No changes in benefit terms

2020: No changes in benefit terms

2019: No changes in benefit terms

2018: No changes in benefit terms

2017: With the passage of House Bill 471, the eligibility for non-single subsidies (NSS) for the KEHP participating members who retired prior to July 1, 2010 is restored, but the State will only finance, via its KEHP "shared responsibility" contributions, the costs of the NSS related to the KEHP-participating members who retired on or after July 1, 2010.

#### Changes in assumptions

2022: The health care trend rates were updated to reflect future anticipated experience.

In the 2020 experience study, rates of withdrawal, retirement, disability, mortality and salary increases were adjusted to reflect actual experience more closely. The expectation of mortality was changed to the Pub2010 Mortality Tables (Teachers Benefit-Weighted) projected generationally with MP-2020 with various set-forwards, setbacks and adjustments for each of the groups: service retirees, contingent annuitants, disabled retirees and actives. The assumed long-term investment rate of return was changed from 8.00% to 7.10%. The price inflation assumption was lowered from 3.00% to 2.50%. The rates of member participation and spousal participation were adjusted to reflect actual experience more closely.

#### Life Insurance Fund

#### Changes in benefit terms

2022: A new benefit term was added for members joining the System on and after January 1, 2022.

#### Changes in assumptions

2022: None

The assumed long-term investment rate of return was changed from 7.50% to 7.10% and the price inflation assumption was lowered from 3.00% to 2.50%. The Municipal Bond Index Rate used for this purpose is the June average of the Bond Buyer General Obligation 20-year Municipal Bond Index.



# WEBSTER COUNTY SCHOOL DISTRICT COMBINING BALANCE SHEET – NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS JUNE 30, 2023

		FSPK	Ca	EEK apital utlay		ett Prvice		District Activity		Student Activity		Total onmajor rernmental
ASSETS Cash and cash equivalents	\$	92,702	\$	-	\$		\$	20,746	\$	374,457	\$	487,905
Total assets and resources	\$	92,702	\$	-	\$		\$	20,746	\$	374,457	\$	487,905
LIABILITIES AND FUND BALANCES Liabilities	ф	76.656	<b>c</b>		<b>r</b>		ф		Ф		ф	70.050
Accounts payable	\$	76,656	\$	-	\$		\$	-	\$	-	\$	76,656
Total liabilities		76,656		-								76,656
Fund Balances Nonspendable Spendable		-		-		-		-		-		-
Restricted		16,046		_		-		20,746		374,457		411,249
Committed		-		-		-		-		-		-
Assigned Unassigned		<u>-</u>		-		<u>-</u>		<u>-</u>		<u>-</u>		<u>-</u>
Total fund balances		16,046		-				20,746		374,457		411,249
Total liabilities and fund balances	\$	92,702	\$	-	\$		\$	20,746	\$	374,457	\$	487,905

# WEBSTER COUNTY SCHOOL DISTRICT COMBINING STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2023

	FSPK	SEEK Capital Outlay	Debt Service	District Activity	Student Activity	Total Ionmajor vernmental
REVENUES						
From local sources						
Taxes						
Property	\$ 403,516	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 403,516
Earnings on investments	-	-	-	-	15,588	15,588
From local sources						
Student activities	-	-	-	14,922	310,916	325,838
Other local revenues	-	-	-	8,467	224,259	232,726
Intergovernmental - state	 609,013	199,317	 616,708		 -	 1,425,038
Total revenues	 1,012,529	199,317	616,708	23,389	550,763	 2,402,706
EXPENDITURES						
Instruction	-	-	-	7,487	447,116	454,603
Support services						
Instructional staff	-	-	_	10,001	6,506	16,507
District administrative support		63,636	-	-	-	63,636
Plant operations and maintenance	76,656	-	-	-	395	77,051
Student transportation	-	-	-	-	7,998	7,998
Other instructional	-	-	-	-	5,124	5,124
Other non-instructional	-	-	-	-	38,482	38,482
Building Improvement	1,202,449	-	-	-	-	1,202,449
Debt service	 		 1,862,403			 1,862,403
Total expenditures	 1,279,105	63,636	1,862,403	17,488	505,621	3,728,253

Continued

# WEBSTER COUNTY SCHOOL DISTRICT COMBINING STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES, continued NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2023

	FSPK	SEEK Capital Outlay	Debt Service	District Activity	Student Activity	Total Nonmajor Governmental
Excess (deficit) of revenues over (under) expenditures	(266,576)	135,681	(1,245,695)	5,901	45,142	(1,325,547)
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES) Transfers in Transfers (out)	1,628,695 (919,827)	- (135,681)	1,245,695			2,874,390 (1,055,508)
Total other funding sources (uses)	708,868	(135,681)	1,245,695			1,818,882
Net change in fund balances	442,292	-	-	5,901	45,142	493,335
Fund balances, beginning of year	(426,246)			14,845	329,315	(82,086)
Fund balances, end of year	\$ 16,046	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 20,746	\$ 374,457	\$ 411,249

# WEBSTER COUNTY SCHOOL DISTRICT COMBINING STATEMENT OF SCHOOL ACTIVITY FUNDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2023

	Cas	sh Balance					Cas	sh Balance	A	ccounts	Ad	counts	Fur	nd Balance
	Ju	ly 1, 2022	F	Receipts	Disk	oursements	Jun	e 30, 2023	Re	ceivable	P	ayable	Jun	e 30, 2023
Webster County High School	\$	213,554	\$	370,523	\$	333,949	\$	250,128	\$	-	\$	-	\$	250,128
Webster County Middle School		32,216		72,047		67,058		37,205		-		-		37,205
Clay Elementary		19,663		24,340		19,045		24,958		-		-		24,958
Dixon Elementary		45,237		28,922		30,406		43,753		-		-		43,753
Providence Elementary		9,298		19,743		17,693		11,348		-		-		11,348
Sebree Elementary		9,347		35,187		37,627		6,907		-		-		6,907
Total	\$	329,315	\$	550,762	\$	505,778	\$	374,299	\$	-	\$	-	\$	374,457

# WEBSTER COUNTY SCHOOL DISTRICT STATEMENT OF SCHOOL ACTIVITY FUNDS WEBSTER COUNTY HIGH SCHOOL FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2023

	Casl	n Balance					Cas	h Balance	Aco	counts	Aco	counts		Oue to ent Groups
	July	/ 1, 2022	R	eceipts	Disb	ursements	June	e 30, 2023	Receivable		Payable		June 30, 2023	
General	\$	16,264	\$	20,538	\$	12,323	\$	24,479	\$	_	\$	_	\$	24,479
Sunrise/FF		37		-		35		2		-		-		2
Bookstore		2,920		-		-		2,920		-		-		2,920
Teacher's Lounge		929		1,954		1,974		909		-		-		909
Dr. Pepper		652		175		427		400		-		-		400
Renaissance		2,474		8,131		9,504		1,101		-		-		1,101
Academic Team		1		2,594		2,487		108		-		-		108
Guidance		605		85		-		690		-		-		690
PBIS		624		-		68		556		-		-		556
Project Graduation		2,480		10,433		7,732		5,181		-		-		5,181
Scholarships		14,681		16,250		11,250		19,681		-		-		19,681
Senior Class Trip		625		5,889		4,500		2,014		-		-		2,014
Chromebook		785		18,841		18,527		1,099		-		-		1,099
Prom		4,699		6,520		4,728		6,491		-		-		6,491
Textbook Rental		9,621		3,586		3,071		10,136		-		-		10,136
College Bd		4,970		2,787		4,360		3,397		-		-		3,397
Archery		3,149		12,015		7,789		7,375		-		-		7,375
Athletics		42,174		91,115		80,538		52,751		-		-		52,751
Band		4,869		53,195		51,234		6,830		-		-		6,830
Baseball		438		349		115		672		-		-		672
BB Boys		937		3,200		5,308		(1,171)		-		-		(1,171)

# WEBSTER COUNTY SCHOOL DISTRICT STATEMENT OF SCHOOL ACTIVITY FUNDS WEBSTER COUNTY HIGH SCHOOL, continued FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2023

							Due to
	Cash Balance			Cash Balance	Accounts	Accounts	Student Groups
	July 1, 2022	Receipts	Disbursements	June 30, 2023	Receivable	Payable	June 30, 2023
BB Girls	3,347	2,345	5,422	270	-	-	270
CC Boys	10	-	-	10	-	-	10
Cheer	7,553	6,185	13,373	365	-	-	365
CC Girls	23	-	-	23	-	-	23
Football	4,607	3,050	3,752	3,905	-	-	3,905
Boy's Golf	2,406	3,500	1,542	4,364	-	-	4,364
Girl's Golf	630	-	310	320	-	-	320
Soccer Girls	364	-	-	364	-	-	364
Softball	2,238	6,046	5,154	3,130	-	-	3,130
Tennis Boys	965	1,025	527	1,463	-	-	1,463
Track Boys	945	660	250	1,355	-	-	1,355
Volleyball	3,802	2,565	4,512	1,855	-	-	1,855
Track Girls	1,031	250	150	1,131	-	-	1,131
Soccer Boys	598	2,380	2,635	343	-	-	343
Tennis Girls	791	1,125	601	1,315	-	-	1,315
Dance	2,107	100	700	1,507	-	-	1,507
Color Guard	-	50	-	50	-	-	50
Powerlifting	-	50	-	50	-	-	50
Ag Ed	1,153	560	-	1,713	-	-	1,713
Annual	4,943	12,807	6,556	11,194	-	-	11,194
Culinary Skills	1,183	913	1,713	383	-	-	383
English	875	-	-	875	-	-	875

Continued

# WEBSTER COUNTY SCHOOL DISTRICT STATEMENT OF SCHOOL ACTIVITY FUNDS WEBSTER COUNTY HIGH SCHOOL, continued FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2023

				. –,		· · · · ·	00, 2020					Dua ta
	Cash Balanc		Descipto	Dist			h Balance		Accounts	Accounts	Stud	Due to lent Groups
One and area	July 1, 2022		Receipts	DISD	ursements	June	30, 2023	R	eceivable	 Payable	Jun	e 30, 2023
Greenhouse	40,50		13,595		11,593		42,502		-	-		42,502
Science	2,75		1,540		2,816		1,479		-	-		1,479
Library	64		135		246		535		-	-		535
Math	123		-		12		111		-	-		111
PE	35		-		-		353		-	-		353
Practical Living/Parenting	1,06		697		1,172		585		-	-		585
Beta	1,04		4,733		2,473		3,304		-	-		3,304
FCA	2,48		100		-		2,580		-	-		2,580
FCCLA	1,09		6,354		4,482		2,969		-	-		2,969
FFA	3,76		29,070		26,702		6,136		-	-		6,136
Theatre	2,17		652		1,108		1,718		-	-		1,718
Latino Alliance Club	609		758		184		1,183		-	-		1,183
Pep Club	50	5	3,553		2,431		1,627		-	-		1,627
Art Club	1,76	2	6,621		6,770		1,613		-	-		1,613
FMD	35	2	3,037		3,319		70		-	-		70
Smile Club	373	3	1,749		1,498		624		-	-		624
STLP	-		501		-		501		-	-		501
Ed Rising/EDU	-		733		569		164		-	-		164
Winter Wishes	379	9	-		-		379		-	-		379
Money Skills	84	4	350		345		89		-	-		89
Start up Change	_		2,700		2,700		-		-	-		-
DAF Instruction	(1:	5)	14,856		14,841		-		-	-		-
DAF Athletics			1,405		1,405					 -		
	213,55	4	394,407		357,833		250,128		-	-		250,128
Less: Interfund transfers			(23,884)		(23,884)					-	_	
Totals	\$ 213,55	4 \$	370,523	\$	333,949	\$	250,128	\$	-	\$ -	\$	250,128

# WEBSTER COUNTY SCHOOL DISTRICT SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES OF FEDERAL AWARDS JUNE 30, 2023

Federal Grantor/Pass-Through Grantor Program Title	Federal Prefix ALN	Pass-Through Grantor's Number	Federal F	kpenditures
U. S. Department of Education	7 (LIV	Number	1 Cuciai L	kperialtares
Passed through State Department of Education: Special Education Cluster				
Special Education - Grants to States	84.027 84.027	3810002-22 3810002-21	\$ 64,379 412,790	
COVID-19: Special Education - Grants to States Special Education - Preschool Grants	84.027 84.173	4910002-21 3800002-22	41,555 30,393	
COVID-19: Special Education - Preschool Grants	84.173 84.173	3800002-21 4900002-21	10,387 2,228	
Total Special Education Cluster	04.173	4900002-21	2,220	\$ 561,732
Title I Grants to Local Education Agencies	84.010 84.010	3100002-22 3100002-21	502,895	908,094
	04.010	3100002-21	405,199	900,094
Migrant Education State Grant Program	84.011	3110002-22	142,563	
	84.011 84.011	3110002-21 3110002-20	36,479 26,284	205,326
Career and Technical Education -				
Basic Grants to States	84.048	3710002-22		11,759
Twenty-First Century Community				
Learning Center	84.287 84.287	3400002-21 3400002-20	176,525 87,371	263,896
Rural Education	84.358	3140002-22		
English Language Acquisition State Grants	84.365	3300002-22	27,385	
	84.365	3300002-21	4,284	31,669
Supporting Effective Instruction State Grants	84.367	3230002-22	73,939	00.044
	84.367	3230002-21	15,302	89,241
Striving Readers Comprehensive Literacy	84.371C	3220002-22	54,281	
	84.371C	3220002-21	57,021	111,302
Student Support and Academic				
Enrichment Program	84.424	3420002-22	29,947	
	84.424	3420002-21	14,834	44,781
COVID-19: Education Stabilization Fund Under the				
Coronavirus Aid, Relief and Economic Security Act	84.425	4200002-21	674,372	
	84.425	4200003-21	18,892	
	84.425 84.425	4300002-21 4300005-21	2,320,163 5,389	3,018,816
Total U. S. Department of Education				5,246,616

# WEBSTER COUNTY SCHOOL DISTRICT SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES OF FEDERAL AWARDS, continued JUNE 30, 2023

5 1 10 1 15 TI 10 1	Federal	Pass-Through		
Federal Grantor/Pass-Through Grantor	Prefix	Grantor's	Fodoral F	ro o o dituro o
Program Title U. S. Department of Agriculture	ALN	Number	Federal Ex	xpenditures
School Breakfast Program	10.553	7760005-23	485,665	
School Breaklast Program	10.553	7760005-23	123,869	
National School Lunch Program	10.555	7750003-22	904,561	
National School Eurich Program	10.555	7750002-23	228,934	
	10.555	9980000-23	26,896	
	10.555	9980000-23	20,090 55,318	
Summer Food Service Drogram for Children	10.555	7690024-22	19,640	
Summer Food Service Program for Children	10.559	7740023-22	2,034	
Total Child Nutrition Cluster	10.559	1140023-22	2,034	1 0/6 017
Total Child Nutrition Cluster				1,846,917
Child and Adult Care Food Program	10.558	7790021-23	23,797	
orma and Addit Gare 1 God 1 Togram	10.558	7790021-22	3,691	
	10.558	7800016-23	1,772	
	10.558	7800016-22	275	29,535
	10.550	1000010-22		25,555
State Administrative Expenses for Child Nutrition	10.560	7700001-21		2,555
COVID:19: Pandemic EBT Administrative Costs	10.649	9990000-22		3,135
Other U. S. Department of Agriculture Programs:				
Fruit & Vegetable Program	10.555	Direct		125,942
Total U.S. Department of Agriculture				2,008,084
U. S. Department of Health and Human Services				
COVID-19: Disaster Grants - Public Assistance				
(Presidentially Declared Disasters)	97.036	Direct		53,560
Drug - Free Communities Support Program Grants	93.276	Direct		115,928
Total U. S. Department of Health and Human Services				169,488
Total Expenditures of Federal Awards				\$ 7,424,189

# WEBSTER COUNTY SCHOOL DISTRICT NOTES TO THE SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES OF FEDERAL AWARDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2023

#### **NOTE 1 – BASIS OF PRESENTATION**

The accompanying schedule of expenditures of federal awards (Schedule) includes the federal grant activity of Webster County School District (District) under programs of the federal government for the year ended June 30, 2023. The information in this Schedule is presented in accordance with the requirements of Title 2 U.S. Code of Federal Regulations Part 200, Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards (Uniform Guidance). Because the Schedule presents only a selected portion of the operations of the District, it is not intended to and does not present the financial position, changes in net position or cash flows of the District.

#### NOTE 2 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

Expenditures reported on the Schedule are reported on the accrual basis of accounting. Such expenditures are recognized following the cost principles contained in the Uniform Guidance, wherein certain types of expenditures are not allowable or are limited as to reimbursement. Negative amounts shown on the schedule represent adjustments or credits made in the normal course of business to amounts reported as expenditures in prior years.

Pass-through entity identifying numbers are presented where available.

#### **NOTE 3 – SUBRECIPIENTS**

There were no subrecipients during the fiscal year.

#### NOTE 4 - INDIRECT COST RATE

The District has elected to use indirect cost rates as defined by the grantor in the following program:

#### Child Nutrition Cluster

The District has elected to use the 10-percent de minimis indirect cost rate allowed under the Uniform Guidance. The District's rate was 17.57%.

#### **NOTE 5 - COMMODITIES**

Nonmonetary assistance is reported in the Schedule at the fair market value of the USDA food commodities received and disbursed.



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# INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING AND ON COMPLIANCE AND OTHER MATTERS BASED ON AN AUDIT OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS PERFORMED IN ACCORDANCE WITH GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS

Kentucky State Committee for School District Audits Members of the Board of Education Webster County School District Dixon, Kentucky

We have audited, in accordance with the auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards* issued by the Comptroller General of the United States and the audit requirements prescribed by the Kentucky State Committee for School District Audits in the *Independent Auditor's Contract*, the financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, each major fund and the aggregate remaining fund information of Webster County School District (District), as of and for the year ended June 30, 2023, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the District's basic financial statements and have issued our report thereon dated November 10, 2023.

#### **Internal Control over Financial Reporting**

In planning and performing our audit of the financial statements, we considered the District's internal control over financial reporting (internal control) as a basis for designing audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing our opinions on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the District's internal control. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of Webster County School District's internal control.

A deficiency in internal control exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, misstatements on a timely basis. A material weakness is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control, such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the entity's financial statements will not be prevented, or detected and corrected on a timely basis. A significant deficiency is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control that is less severe than a material weakness, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies. Given these limitations, during our audit we did not identify any deficiencies in internal control that we consider to be material weaknesses. However, material weaknesses may exist that have not been identified.

#### **Compliance and Other Matters**

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether the District's financial statements are free from material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the financial statements. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit, and accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance or other matters that are required to be reported under *Government Auditing Standards*. In addition, the results of our tests disclosed no material instances of noncompliance of specific state statutes or regulations identified in *Appendix II of the Independent Auditor's Contract – State Audit Requirements*.

We noted certain matters that we reported to management of Webster County School District in a separate report dated November 10, 2023.

#### **Purpose of this Report**

The purpose of this report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control or on compliance. This report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the entity's internal control and compliance. Accordingly, this communication is not suitable for any other purpose.

Duguid, Gentry & Associates, PSC

Duguid, Gentry & Associates, PSC

Certified Public Accountants Hopkinsville, Kentucky

November 10, 2023

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# INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT ON COMPLIANCE FOR EACH MAJOR PROGRAM AND ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER COMPLIANCE REQUIRED BY THE UNIFORM GUIDANCE

Kentucky State Committee for School District Audits Members of the Board of Education Webster County School District Dixon, Kentucky

#### Report on Compliance for Each Major Federal Program

#### Opinion on Each Major Federal Program

We have audited Webster County School District's (District) compliance with the types of compliance requirements identified as subject to audit in the OMB Compliance Supplement that could have a direct and material effect on each of the District's major federal programs for the year ended June 30, 2023. The District's major federal programs are identified in the summary of auditor's results section of the accompanying schedule of findings and questioned costs.

In our opinion, the District complied, in all material respects, with the types of compliance requirements referred to above that could have a direct and material effect on each of its major federal programs for the year ended June 30, 2023.

#### Basis for Opinion on Each Major Federal Program

We conducted our audit of compliance in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America; the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards* issued by the Comptroller General of the United States; and the audit requirements of Title 2 *U.S. Code of Federal Regulations Part 200, Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards* (Uniform Guidance). Our responsibilities under those standards and the Uniform Guidance are further described in the Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of Compliance section of our report.

We are required to be independent of the District and to meet our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with relevant ethical requirements relating to our audit. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion on compliance for each major federal program. Our audit does not provide a legal determination of the District's compliance with the compliance requirements referred to above.

#### Responsibilities of Management for Compliance

Management is responsible for compliance with the requirements referred to above and for the design, implementation and maintenance of effective internal control over compliance with the requirements of laws, statutes, regulations, rules and provisions of contracts or grant agreements applicable to the District's federal programs.

#### Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of Compliance

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether material noncompliance with the compliance requirements referred to above occurred, whether due to fraud or error, and express an opinion on the District's compliance based on our audit. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance but is not absolute assurance and therefore is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with generally accepted auditing standards, *Government Auditing Standards* and the Uniform Guidance will always detect material noncompliance when it exists. The risk of not detecting material noncompliance resulting from fraud is higher than for that resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations or the override of internal control. Noncompliance with the compliance requirements referred to above is considered material if there is a substantial likelihood that, individually or in the aggregate, it would influence the judgment made by a reasonable user of the report on compliance about the District's compliance with the requirements of each major federal program as a whole.

In performing an audit in accordance with generally accepted auditing standards, *Government Auditing Standards* and the Uniform Guidance, we:

- Exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit.
- Identify and assess the risks of material noncompliance, whether due to fraud or error, and
  design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks. Such procedures include
  examining, on a test basis, evidence regarding the District's compliance with the compliance
  requirements referred to above and performing such other procedures as we considered
  necessary in the circumstances.
- Obtain an understanding of the District's internal control over compliance relevant to the audit in
  order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances and to test and
  report on internal control over compliance in accordance with the Uniform Guidance, but not for
  the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the District's internal control over
  compliance. Accordingly, no such opinion is expressed.

We are required to communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit and any significant deficiencies and material weaknesses in internal control over compliance that we identified during the audit.

#### Report on Internal Control over Compliance

A deficiency in internal control over compliance exists when the design or operation of a control over compliance does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent or detect and correct, noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program on a timely basis. A material weakness in internal control over compliance is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance, such that there is a reasonable possibility that material noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program will not be prevented, or detected and corrected, on a timely basis. A significant

deficiency in internal control over compliance is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program that is less severe than a material weakness in internal control over compliance, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control over compliance was for the limited purpose described in the Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of Compliance section above and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control over compliance that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies in internal control over compliance. Given these limitations, during our audit we did not identify any deficiencies in internal control over compliance that we consider to be material weaknesses, as defined above. However, material weaknesses or significant deficiencies in internal control over compliance may exist that were not identified.

Our audit was not designed for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of internal control over compliance. Accordingly, no such opinion is expressed.

The purpose of this report on internal control over compliance is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over compliance and the results of that testing based on the requirements of the Uniform Guidance. Accordingly, this report is not suitable for any other purpose.

Duguid, Gentry & Associates, PSC

Duguid, Gentry & Associates, PSC

Certified Public Accountants Hopkinsville, Kentucky

November 10, 2023

# WEBSTER COUNTY SCHOOL DISTRICT SCHEDULE OF FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2023

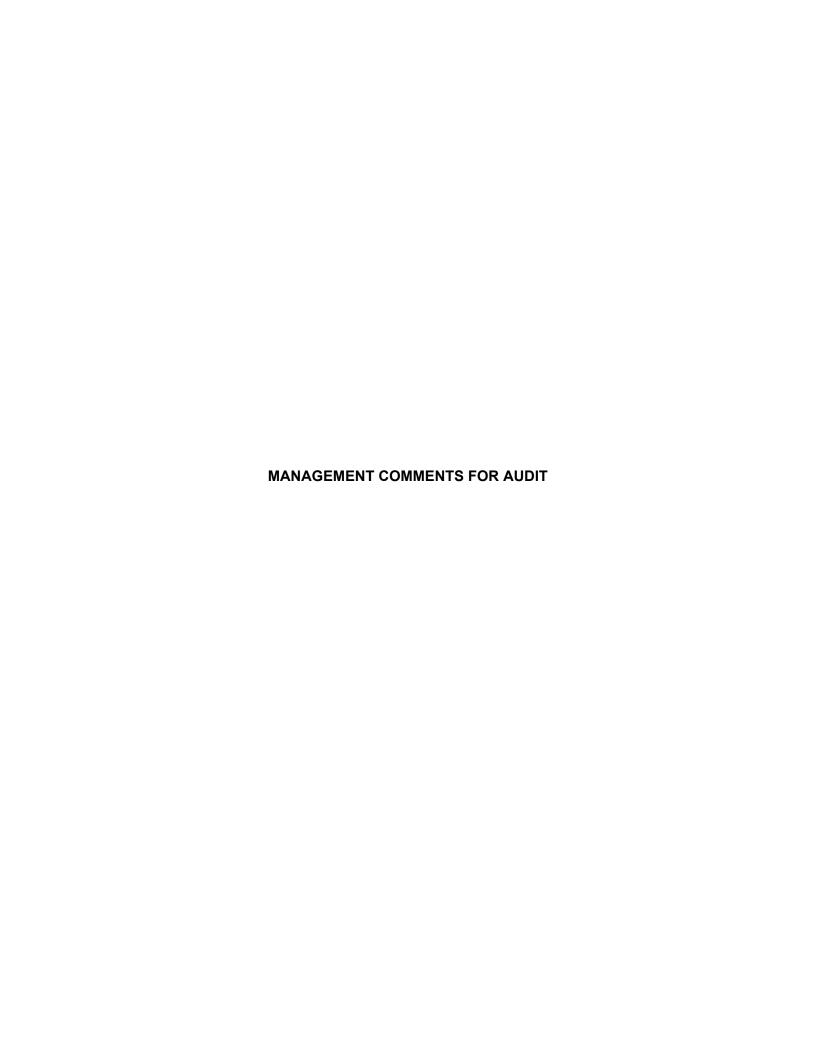
# **Summary of Auditors' Results**

### **Financial Statements**

Type of auditors' report issued: Unmodified		
Internal control over financial reporting:		
Material weakness(es) identified?	yes	<u>X</u> no
Significant deficiency(ies) identified?	yes	X none reported
Noncompliance material to financial statements noted?	yes	<u>X</u> no
Federal Awards		
Internal control over major programs:		
Material weakness(es) identified?	yes	<u>X</u> no
Significant deficiency(ies) identified?	yes	X none reported
Type of auditors' report issued on compliance for major program	s: Unmodifi	ed
Any audit findings disclosed that are required to be reported in a 2 CFR Section 200.516(a)?	ccordance w yes	
Major federal programs:		
Program Title	Federal	Prefix ALN
Special Education Cluster Special Education Grants to States Special Education Preschool Grants Migrant Education State Grant Program Education Stabilization Fund Under the Coronavirus Aid, Relief and Economic Security Act	8	4.027 4.173 4.011 4.425
Dollar threshold to distinguish between type A and type B progra	ms: \$750	,000
Auditee qualified as a low-risk auditee?	X yes	no
Findings – Financial Statement Audits		
None		
Findings and Questioned Costs – Major Federal Award Prog	ırams Audit	:
None		

# WEBSTER COUNTY SCHOOL DISTRICT SUMMARY SCHEDULE OF PRIOR YEAR AUDIT FINDINGS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2023

None



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November 10, 2023

Kentucky State Committee for School District Audits Members of the Board of Education Webster County School District Dixon, Kentucky

In planning and performing our audit of the financial statements of Webster County School District (District) for the year ended June 30, 2023, we considered the District's internal control in order to determine our auditing procedures for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the financial statements and not to provide assurance on the internal control.

However, during our audit, we became aware of some matters that are opportunities for strengthening internal controls and operating efficiencies. The memorandum that accompanies this letter summarizes our comments and recommendations regarding these matters. Any uncorrected comments from the prior year have been listed in this memorandum. A separate report dated November 10, 2023 contains our report on the District's internal control. This letter does not affect our report dated November 10, 2023 on the financial statements of the District.

We will review the status of these comments during our next audit engagement. We have already discussed the comments and recommendations with various District personnel, and we will be pleased to discuss them in further detail at your convenience, to perform any additional study of these matters or to assist you in implementing the recommendations.

This report is intended solely for the information and use of management, the members of the Webster County Board of Education, others within the District, the Kentucky Department of Education and federal awarding agencies and pass-through entities and is not intended to be and should not be used by anyone other than these specified parties.

Respectfully,

Duguid, Gentry & Associates, PSC

Duguid, Gentry & Associates, PSC

Certified Public Accountants Hopkinsville, Kentucky

# WEBSTER COUNTY SCHOOL DISTRICT MANAGEMENT LETTER COMMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2023

#### CLAY ELEMENTARY SCHOOL

**I. Criteria** – Accounting Procedures for Kentucky School Activity Funds (Redbook) sets accounting guidelines for fundraisers.

**Condition** – Form F-SA-2B, Fundraiser Summary, for fundraisers tested were filled out incorrectly.

Cause – Lack of implementation of Redbook policy.

**Effect** – Noncompliance with Accounting Procedures for Kentucky School Activity Funds (Redbook).

**Recommendation** – Form F-SA-2B, Fundraiser Summary, should be completed correctly for each fundraiser.

**Views of Responsible Officials** – The School Principal and Secretary have attended Redbook training and will begin advising staff on how to properly complete the forms.

#### SEBREE ELEMENTARY SCHOOL

I. **Criteria** – Accounting Procedures for Kentucky School Activity Funds (Redbook) sets accounting guidelines for inactive activity accounts if there has been no activity during the preceding 12 months.

**Condition** – One account with balances at year end had no activity during the preceding 12 months and is considered inactive.

Cause – Lack of implementation of Redbook policy.

**Effect** – Noncompliance with Accounting Procedures for Kentucky School Activity Funds (Redbook).

**Recommendation** – If the student organization did not designate in writing how remaining funds shall be disposed, then inactive accounts' funds shall be transferred to the school activity general account and used for the general benefit of all students.

**Views of Responsible Officials** – The Bookkeeper will make sure that each inactive account is transferred to the general account at the end of each school year.

# WEBSTER COUNTY SCHOOL DISTRICT MANAGEMENT LETTER COMMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2023

#### WEBSTER COUNTY HIGH SCHOOL

I. Criteria – Accounting Procedures for Kentucky School Activity Funds (Redbook) sets accounting guidelines for inactive activity accounts if there has been no activity during the preceding 12 months.

**Condition** – Seven accounts with balances at year end had no activity during the preceding 12 months and are considered inactive.

**Cause** – Lack of implementation of Redbook policy.

**Effect** – Noncompliance with Accounting Procedures for Kentucky School Activity Funds (Redbook).

**Recommendation** – If the student organization did not designate in writing how remaining funds shall be disposed, then inactive accounts' funds shall be transferred to the school activity general account and used for the general benefit of all students.

**Views of Responsible Officials** – The Bookkeeper will make sure that each inactive account is transferred to the general account at the end of each school year.

#### CLAY ELEMENTARY SCHOOL

**I. Condition** – Three accounts with balances at year end had no activity during the preceding 12 months and are considered inactive.

**Recommendation** – If the student organization did not designate in writing how remaining funds shall be disposed, then inactive accounts' funds shall be transferred to the school activity general account and used for the general benefit of all students.

Current Status – This finding was not repeated for year ended June 30, 2023.

**II. Condition** – Fundraisers tested were missing Form F-SA-2B, Fundraiser Summary.

**Recommendation** – Form F-SA-2B, Fundraiser Summary, should be completed for each fundraiser.

Current Status – This finding was not repeated for year ended June 30, 2023.

#### **DIXON ELEMENTARY SCHOOL**

**I.** Condition – Three accounts with balances at year end had no activity during the preceding 12 months and are considered inactive.

**Recommendation** – If the student organization did not designate in writing how remaining funds shall be disposed, then inactive accounts' funds shall be transferred to the school activity general account and used for the general benefit of all students.

**Current Status** – This finding was repeated for four accounts for June 30, 2023 and for two accounts for June 30, 2022.

**Views of Responsible Officials** – The Bookkeeper will make sure that each inactive account is transferred to the general account at the end of each school year.

#### SEBREE ELEMENTARY SCHOOL

**I. Condition** – Purchase orders were not filled out completely / correctly.

**Recommendation** – Accounting Procedures for Kentucky School Activity Funds (Redbook) requires each disbursement to be documented by a completed purchase order and an original vendor invoice before being processed.

**Current Status** – This finding was repeated for June 30, 2023.

**Views of Responsible Officials** – The Bookkeeper will make sure all purchase orders are filled out completely and an invoice attached going forward.

### WEBSTER COUNTY MIDDLE SCHOOL

**I.** Condition – Two accounts with balances at year end had no activity during the preceding 12 months and are considered inactive.

**Recommendation** – If the student organization did not designate in writing how remaining funds shall be disposed, then inactive accounts' funds shall be transferred to the school activity general account and used for the general benefit of all students.

**Current Status** – This finding was repeated for one account for June 30, 2023 and June 30, 2022.

**Views of Responsible Officials** – The bookkeeper will close out accounts if not used before end of the year and transfer the balance to the general fund.

**II. Condition** – Form F-SA-1, Requisition and Report of Ticket Sales, was not completed properly and timely.

**Recommendation** – Accounting Procedures for Kentucky School Activity Funds (Redbook) requires the use and proper and timely completion of the Requisition and Report of Ticket Sales Form when funds are collected for all events for which admission is charged to document the event, amount, date and person collecting the funds.

Current Status – This finding was repeated for June 30, 2023 and June 30, 2022.

**Views of Responsible Officials** – The bookkeeper gives the tickets to rotate colors and will try to get forms completed properly and timely.

**III. Condition** – Form F-SA-5, Inventory Control Worksheet, was not completed properly and/or monthly.

**Recommendation** – Accounting Procedures for Kentucky School Activity Funds (Redbook) requires the use and proper and timely completion of the Inventory Control Worksheet on a monthly basis.

Current Status – This finding was repeated for June 30, 2023 and June 30, 2022.

**Views of Responsible Officials** – The bookkeeper attended Redbook training and received information advising the correct way to fill out and will complete on a monthly basis.

#### WEBSTER COUNTY MIDDLE SCHOOL, continued

IV. Condition – Form F-SA-2B, Fundraiser Summary, was not completed properly.

**Recommendation** – Fundraisers where items are sold require the use of the Fundraiser Summary to recap the profitability of a fundraiser sales cycle. This form should be signed by appropriate personnel and filled out completely.

Current Status – This finding was not repeated for June 30, 2023.

**V. Condition** – Form F-SA-6, Multiple Receipt Form, was not completed properly and timely.

**Recommendation** – Accounting Procedures for Kentucky School Activity Funds (Redbook) requires the use and proper and timely completion of the Multiple Receipt Form when funds are collected from a group of students to document the receipt of funds from a fundraiser or event. Additionally, it is required that students in sixth grade and above sign F-SA-6 as they turn in money.

**Current Status** – This finding was not repeated for June 30, 2023.

#### WEBSTER COUNTY HIGH SCHOOL

I. Condition – Form F-SA-2B, Fundraiser Summary, was not completed properly.

**Recommendation** – Fundraisers where items are sold require the use of the Fundraiser Summary to recap the profitability of a fundraiser sales cycle. This form should be signed by appropriate personnel and filled out completely.

**Current Status** – This finding was repeated for June 30, 2023 and for June 30, 2022.

**Views of Responsible Officials** – All ticket sales should be reported on the summary. This finishing touch of the process was not handled as it should and was overlooked and will not be repeated in the future.

**II. Condition** – Form F-SA-6, Multiple Receipt Form, was not completed properly and timely.

**Recommendation** – Accounting Procedures for Kentucky School Activity Funds (Redbook) requires the use and proper and timely completion of the Multiple Receipt Form when funds are collected from a group of students to document the receipt of funds from a fundraiser or event. Additionally, it is required that students in sixth grade and above sign F-SA-6 as they turn in money.

Current Status - This finding was not repeated for June 30, 2023.

#### WEBSTER COUNTY HIGH SCHOOL, continued

**III. Condition** – Form F-SA-1, Requisition and Report of Ticket Sales, was not properly completed to reconcile revenue received from events where admission was charged.

**Recommendation** – Form F-SA-1, Requisition and Report of Ticket Sales, is to be used and properly completed and signed by the person in charge of sales, the ticket taker, and the school treasurer when tickets are sold and funds collected.

Current Status – This finding was repeated for June 30, 2023.

**Views of Responsible Officials** – Fundraisers will be thoroughly checked this year for completion of all forms. Form F-SA-1 will be completed for all fundraisers when tickets are sold.

**IV.** Condition – Form F-SA-5, Monthly Inventory Control Worksheet, was not used and completed monthly.

**Recommendation** – Form F-SA-5 Monthly Inventory Control Worksheet should be completed to recap the flow of inventory monthly of all inventory/concessions and to identify overages and shortages.

Current Status – This finding was not repeated for June 30, 2023.